THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Office, North Carolinian Building, Main Street,
One door east of Albemarle House.
Terms, $1.00 a Year, in Advance.
If not paid in advance $1.50 will be charged.
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square, one insertion, $1.00; two insertions, $1.50; one month, $2.00; three months, $4.00; six months, $8.00; one year, $12.00.
For larger advertisements liberal contracts will be made.
Business Notices in local column, ten cents a line. Obituary Notices, five cents a line.

The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

VOLUME XXX. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1898. NUMBER 16.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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MY GRANDFATHER'S SCRAP-BOOK.

It was a day when on the pane
The wild wind dashed the tireless rain,
And brawling grew the brook,
That, in the attic, on a quest
Obeying fancy's odd behest,
I found within an ancient chest
My grandfather's scrap-book.

A gabled window dimly flung
A soft light where the cobwebs hung,
Within a corner nook,
And there within the shadows gray,
Beneath imagination's sway,
I lived, in thought, the vanished day
Of grandfather's scrap-book.

I gazed on many a gay vignette
And faces cut in silhouette,
With quaint, old-fashioned look—
On pictured ladies, fair and slim,
And dainty verses faded dim,
With sentiments so sweet and prim
In grandfather's scrap-book.

Amid the relics oft I spied,
Souvenirs of family pride,
That of the past partook—
Some scion honored by his land
Remembered here, or in fine hand
The autograph of some wise grand,
In grandfather's scrap-book.

The hours, beguiling, grew apace,
And I forgot the time and place,
And seemed to hear, oddzook!
A-pealing through the dusk, oft soon,
A merry, stately, old dance tune,
And clack and tread of high-heeled shoon,
Near grandfather's scrap-book.

So dreamed I, till, all hushed the rain—
Till through a tiny, dusty pane
A trembling star-ray shook,
And misty shadows, gathering, rose
Around my widowed belles and beaux,
And told me it was time to close
My grandfather's scrap-book.
—Ellen Brainerd Peck, in N. Y. Home Journal.

WAR'S SUDDEN CALL.

A Love Story of the Present.

In the navy, with its constant and rapid changes, its almost limitless possibilities from day to day, the fates themselves seem to sit alert spinning on one's very doorstep. One unconsciously treads lightly and whispers in hopes of being forgotten, if only for a passing hour. Many a hasty word dies on the lips because of the aching memory of a cruise just passed, the haunting fear of one fast approaching.

Of course there had been misunderstandings between them before, in the usual rise and fall in the tide of all human relations, but never before anything like this.

Ensign Phelps had just returned from a long wearing cruise to find a condition of things political that suddenly dwarfs the proportions of things feminine. Also his sense of humor, never rampant, happened to be further attenuated by studying late into the night for his approaching examination for promotion.

Mrs. Phelps had tried to face it all, but the two dreary years of separation had left her with nerves that shivered at a breath. Then, too, she had instantly recognized and resented that feeling in him that comes to all men at such times—the sense that the deep purposes and ends of his life had brushed her aside, that he wanted both arms free for once. The brute that fights to win and has been trained 15 years for just that was awake and on fire within him. Nothing of this had been spoken between them, and yet it was at the root of their quarrel that spring morning, when words were said back and forth that seemed to sweep up the love, devotion, patience of two lives like ashes on the hearth where a fire has died.

He strode along the gray, chill streets on his way to his ship at the navy yard, and she stood still, wide-eyed and white, and for them both the past and future were wiped out, and the present only lived in one of those flaming agonies of disillusion of which one somehow survives such a surprising number in the course of a lifetime.

The baby at her feet plucked at her dress, and the mother did not even feel it, wrapped in that overwhelming sense of finality that belongs to passionate youth.

She was conscious of no particular animosity just then, only a sort of wonder and awe that this should be the end of it all. The end of a happy girlhood, when his words of love had made a woman of her in a day, and happy years of wifehood, when they were lovers still, and even happier motherhood, that had set her apart sanctified forever in his eyes—so he had stooped and whispered to her that night when the light burned low near by, and she had fallen asleep with her hand in his.

She looked about in dull amazement at the familiar things about her that made up their simple little home. There under the lamp were his books and a pad and pencil where he had sat studying last night and near it her work where she had been beside him sewing in unwilling silence after her lecture of dissipation. The indent of her head was still on the pillow on the lounge where she had at length thrown herself and lay watching him until she fell asleep toward midnight.

She glanced about half dazed; and then Ruth, her old colored maid, the only servant she had ever had, came in from the kitchen and spoke to her in that low, sweet, compelling voice of hers that went back to Mrs. Phelps' babyhood down in Maryland. She obeyed the voice from habit and went mechanically about her morning duties, in the performance of which a certain warmth and pliability returned to her frozen mood. A sense of anger and outrage began to burn again at his last stinging words, whose probe went deep with the sure cruelty of long association.

She took her little girl and went out on her homely round of marketing, largely trumped up by keen-witted old Ruth.

On returning she toiled wearily up the three flights of the apartment house—the elevator so seldom ran after the men had gone for the day. She sunk exhausted on the lounge in the tiny dining room and let the child pull off her gloves, one obstinate finger at a time. Her eyes shut, and a nervous reaction had set in, when she heard a young step bounding up the stairs and a sharp ring at her bell. She was half conscious that Ruth opened the door and that a boy's high voice was saying:

"Can't I see the lady herself?"

She sat up as he approached.

"Holding telefoam—corner drug store, lady—youse'll hev to hurry," he panted and was gone again in a flash.

Mrs. Phelps sprung after him and sailed down the stairs:

"What number? Where from? Did you hear?"

"Sixty-one," he shouted, from two stories below.

"The navy yard!" she exclaimed, a thrill of premonition sending her heart into her throat.

A moment later she stood alone in the telephone closet at the corner, and through the transmitter a soft "Hello" sped on its way. Then she listened.

"Yes, I'm Mrs. Phelps. Who are you?" She had not recognized the voice that had answered.

"Oh, Guy!" she cried softly, in sudden, illogical, overwhelming relief, as she clung tightly to the receiver.

"Yes, yes—I'll listen carefully," she said next, and then silence.

"What? What? Say it again, very slowly. I can't understand. Surely I haven't understood?" her voice was sharp, with a sudden dread. Again silence, and then her answer:

"Not today? At once? The ship ordered to Puerto Rico? Have I got it right? Oh, Guy, have I got it right?"

She listened, and a low moan of pain escaped her.

"But—but surely you'll come home for a minute? I'll see you again?"

The answer sent a shiver through her from head to foot, and she said, fiercely:

"I cannot stand it, Guy. I cannot! To have you go at once like this—after this morning. Could I see you—just see you, Guy—if I went straight to the yard now?" And a few seconds later:

"It's too terrible, too cruel." Suddenly she started violently as a thought flashed through her head, and she asked, rapidly:

"Guy, be honest with me. Does this sudden order mean—does it mean—war? Is there any news? Something I don't know?" and after an interval:

"Yes, yes, I'll try. No one knows yet, of course. But, Guy, speak to me—your voice is still cold and hard and strange. Say something to me—one word I can cling to, to help me!"

"What?" A pause.

"You are in the paymaster's office? Clerks all about? Is that it? Please whisper it, and I'll try and catch it."

She listened painfully—only a burr, a woman's laugh, a word in an unknown voice, a tantalizing, incessant vibration from the endless feverish crisscross of life going on forever, in which she had no part.

"I can't hear—Oh, Guy, I can't hear a word," she panted. "Don't go yet. When can I hear from you? Just one minute; I want to say something, Guy!" The telephone bell sounded with sharp impatience even as she spoke. She rung again and again, and there was no answer.

"Come back; I must say one word. Central, give me 61, please, give me 61. Guy, dear, won't you come for one single second? I'm—I'm so sorry for this morning. It was all my fault, every bit of it." She pleaded sobbing into the senseless thing in her hand that no longer responded. She rung again and once again, frantically.

Then she sprang rigidly erect and whispered:

"It's too late—he's gone—perhaps forever." Her head fell forward, she swayed toward the closet door, fumbled at the handle, opened it and cried in a voice faint and pitiful:

"Will some one—help me?" Her failing sight saw Ruth hurrying toward her through the street door; her failing hearing was pierced by the shrill young voice of a newsboy dashing round the corner:

"Ex-tra, ex-tra! President's message read in Congress! War sure to ——" His voice was lost in the roar of the streets, and Mrs. Phelps sank unconscious into Ruth's arms.

Twenty-four hours passed. Half through the night and all day long the cries of the newsboys reached the shrinking hearing of the young wife. Her sweet face was stiff and ashy with suffering; her hands so cold that her child shrank from her touch and whimpered. Ruth hovered about, in and out, on a hundred foolish loving errands. She played and laughed boisterously with the baby to drown all other sounds when she caught the first far cry that wrung her mistress' heart again and again, coming nearer and nearer down the street.

As the day drew to its close Mrs. Phelps lay once again silent and spent on the old lounge, and again she heard a quick step spring up the stairs, a ring at her bell, the low words at the door. It seemed like the confused memory of a dream. She did not even open her eyes until Ruth said close beside her:

"One these yer mess'ger boys Miss Nannie, jes' broughten this yer passel fo' you. It do smell like it might be some sort er bo'quet," she added, smiling.

"Put it down, mammy; I'll arrange them later," said Mrs. Phelps. Probably some friend at the yard, who knew of the ship's sudden sailing, had remembered her and sent a silent message of sympathy in this sweet way. It was often done from one sad-hearted wife to another, just to help a little in the endless pathos of their common lives.

"Land sakes, Miss Nannie, ain't you put them posies in the water yet?" complained Ruth, again appearing at the door, watching for some spark of interest in that set, white face before her yearning eyes.

"Dat's no way to act, Miss Nannie, an' you know dat right well. When folks takes de trouble an' de 'spense to buy you some flowers, you'd orter spunk up 'nough shorely to say 'howdy' to 'em."

"All right, mammy dear; please don't scold," said Mrs. Phelps, a smile breaking for an instant through the rigidity of her face.

She arose and began to untie the string about the pasteboard box. She raised the lid and lifted out a great pile of pink and yellow roses. The baby ran toward her with a soft coo of delight. Then Mrs. Phelps gave a loud cry, and the roses fell all about her. She stood staring wildly at an envelope that had slipped to the bottom of the box, addressed to her in her husband's handwriting. It was as if it came from a grave, that awful silence of the sea. For a second she was afraid to touch it and stood with her hands pressed over her heart. Then she seized the envelope, and with one swift motion of her trembling forefinger ripped it open and read with eyes half-blinded with tears:

"The pilot leaves us at Scotland lightship in a few moments. He will take this back to the city. Also an order for a few flowers, which I can only hope will go straight. You should get this tomorrow or next day. I am on my knees to you, my wife, for this morning. I beg your pardon—it was all a lie, every ugly word of it. Try and forget it if you can. Stamp it out of your memory, for it has no real existence against all the rest—all the happy years. Just try and remember those, and love me a little, dear.

"Do not believe the papers—do not read them. Peace may come out of it all yet, and if not—try and be brave. A sailor has need of a plucky wife, one drilled into the tough spirit of a 'regular' by long service. And remember:

"Ours not to reason why
Ours but to do——"

He had shied at the word with no time to rewrite. "Good bye, my love. Ah! if I could have held you just for one second and heard you whisper 'It's all right, Guy.' But take our little one in your arms and look into her eyes—my eyes you've always said—and read there my endless love and honor. Kiss her and hold her close, and forgive me, forgive me."

Mrs. Phelps fell on her knees and throwing her arms about her baby began to sob like a tired child. And the little girl patted her cheek and crooned to her, the spark of motherhood already alive in her, and Ruth brooded over them both.

At that moment once again the shout came piercingly up from the street below:

"Ex-tra! Congress will declare war!"

The young wife sprang to her feet and shook her fist in the direction of the voice, and half laughing, half sobbing, she cried:

"It is not war—it is peace, thank God!"—Chicago Record.

TEACHING A WIFE A LESSON.

Wanted to Break Her of a Disagreeable Habit.

"My wife has a disagreeable habit of leaving her pocketbook in exposed places," said the man who was telling the story. "I have cautioned her more than once that she would lose it if she wasn't more careful.

"I came down town with her the other morning, and the first thing she did after boarding the car was to deposit her purse upon the car seat, while she relieved herself of the terrible suspicion that her hat wasn't on straight. A movement of her arms knocked the purse on the floor where it remained until I picked it up.

"I rescued that purse no less than a dozen times before we reached the bargain counter that was the goal of my wife's ambition.

"Events around a bargain counter occur with kaleidoscopic swiftness, and I soon found myself the sole guardian of my wife's purse, which lay before me on the counter where it had been deserted by her in a mad rush for the other end of the counter.

"To teach her a lesson I emptied the contents of the purse in my pocket and retreated to the edge of the crowd to await developments.

"It wasn't long before my wife crowded her way out, triumphantly holding aloft a twenty-five cent cream jug that she had succeeded in buying for forty-nine cents.

"'I didn't know that they charged things here,' I began feebly.

"'They don't,' she answered. 'I have money left for three ice cream sodas and a strip of car tickets.' And she exhibited the contents of her purse to prove her assertion.

"I nearly fainted when it dawned upon me that I had taken the contents from a purse belonging to some other woman.

"I have no desire to retain possession, and if the woman who lost seventy-nine cents, a postage stamp, three hairpins and a recipe for making angel food will call at my office she may have her property."—Detroit Free Press.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

The egg is currency in South Africa's interior.

Siam's king has a body guard of 400 female warriors.

Crœsus, of ancient times, possessed about $20,000,000.

Tobacco seeds are so minute that a thimbleful will furnish enough plants for an acre of ground.

Dentists in Germany are using false teeth made of paper instead of porcelain or mineral composition.

Rug weaving is an art older than the Pharaohs, and the history of the first loom lies shrouded in oblivion.

Spurious coins are legally made in China. They are used to put in the coffins of the dead, and the superstition prevails that they make the dead happy.

The British soldier has not always worn a red uniform. White was the prevailing color under Henry VIII, and dark green or russet in the time of Elizabeth.

The first double-decked ship built in England was the Great Harry, constructed in 1509 by order of Henry VIII. It was 1000 tons burden, and cost $60,000.

On account of superstitions regarding the plague the natives of Bombay still occasionally throw stones at foreigners moving about alone, and not long ago a physician's life was saved only by his helmet, at which a blow was aimed.

Age of Jurors in South Carolina.

The constitution of South Carolina provides that jurors must be between the ages of 21 and 65, and a new trial was recently granted in a criminal case because one of the jurors was 66 years old.

WE MUST HAVE SHIPS.

ABSOLUTE NEED OF A POTENT SHIPPING POLICY.

True Cause of the Decay of Our Oversea Carrying Trade and the Measures Essential For the Restoration of the American Merchant Marine.

The facts concerning the blight that has fallen upon our shipping and its carriage in the foreign trade have not been fully laid before the American people. It is not understood, as it should be, that we have one policy for the foreign trade and another for the domestic trade. Foreign vessels are entirely prohibited from carrying either passengers or freight from one American port to another; but between our own and foreign ports transport business is perfectly free. Thus, while protection has secured for our own people the coasting, lake and river carrying, non-protection has given the oversea transportation to foreign nations.

As intimated, in Article II., we had but one policy in the beginning. That was protective for all branches of our navigation. It built up our early marine, and displaced the foreign marine that had commanded the business under free trade from 1783 to 1789. While this has been denied, it is so easy of undeniable proof, that only ignorance or aberration disputes it. We have only to tell the story of our early shipping legislation, its aims and objects, its service and success, to convince the reasonable.

To persuade the skeptical, we may point to the innovation in our policy, the decline following the change, and the general loss of carriage year after year, as protection was withdrawn by treaties. Our shipping has been under different policies for seventy years. That portion under protection from the first has flourished from the first; while that under free conditions from the change in policy has declined ever since.

THE FRAUD OF "MARINE RECIPROCITY."

The name of the new policy introduced in 1815, to govern our carriage in the foreign trade, was stately and high sounding, as became a fraud. "Maritime Reciprocity" was the appellation. Its meaning was narrow, simply indiscrimination in duties on merchandise and tonnage, and consequent non-protection of shipping by their means. The substitution of free carrying for protected carrying was excused to the country to the pretension that the shipping interest, a "child of protection," had become "a giant" in development, able to contest for the transportation of all nations. Any kind of protection was no longer necessary; on the contrary, free trade was the thing requisite.

The disingenuousness of this conceit is now only too manifest. The fact is that the British Ministry after the close of the Revolutionary War laid before Parliament a bill providing for "maritime reciprocity" with the United States. British shipowners objected, and it was laid aside. Such a bill was passed, however, in 1802. President Jefferson, in his message of that year, referred to it. Congress did not consider "a mutual abolition of the duties" proposed advisable, and for the reason, no doubt, that this would not produce a due equality in the navigation between the two countries. This was Mr. Jefferson's view.

CONGRESS TOOK THE CHANCES.

In 1815, however, at the instance of Great Britain, Congress yielded the point and took the chances. An act was passed for a basis of a treaty of commerce, and the British wish for thirty-two years was gratified. Bowing to British sentiment since 1815 has been disguised somewhat by treating other nations like her and making treaties on the same basis, and giving it out to the world that our superior liberality alone induced our Government to accept the foreign trade navigation from protection.

One would think that a period of eighty-three years for a dissimulation was long-drawn out, but there is even more deference now to British sentiment respecting taxes on tonnage than in 1815 or in 1862. The Senate only recently knocked out war taxes on tonnage from the House bill, for the reason explained on the floor, that British ship owners had made objection through their Government. And the tax proposed was not discriminative. Simply the operation of the "maritime reciprocity" treaty of 1815 has given our carrying trade by much the larger portion to British vessels, and driven our own off the ocean. Simply, we have sunk our self-respect, and have experienced the fact that "Britannia rules the wave."

AN OBVIOUS DUTY.

Now, what is the duty of the Government, if we can get a Congress that will do its duty? Is it not to retrace our legislative steps? This is the idea of the Republican platform of 1896. President McKinley indorsed the shipping plank of that platform in the following patriotic words:

"The declaration of the Republican platform in favor of the upbuilding of our merchant marine has my hearty approval. The policy of discriminating duties which prevailed in the early years of our history should again be promptly adopted by Congress and vigorously supported until our prestige and supremacy on the seas is fully attained."

Let no one suppose, because a Republican convention and President have thus expressed their views of shipping restoration, that there is anything partisan in the action recommended. Washington, Adams and Jefferson would have concurred in it. There was never a statesman of stronger faith in discriminating duties for ship protection than Thomas Jefferson. His State, Virginia, was the first colony to protect its vessels.

Fallacy of a Free Trade Claim.

There never was a more striking illustration of the fallacy of the claim of the Democrats that unless we opened our markets freely to foreigners they would not buy of us. It has been demonstrated that the hypothesis of the Republican party is sound—namely, that commerce is selfish and it will buy in the cheapest market. The balance of trade in our favor is more than double that of any previous year and nearly equal to that of the past five years combined.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

Facts to Remember.

Not only is the American manufacturer holding his own market under the Dingley Tariff law, but he is pushing his goods into all the markets of the world at a rate that must be astonishing to those who claim that a protective tariff would cause our manufacturers to lose all their foreign trade.

It was generally known long before the Bureau of Statistics could foot up the figures and announce the grand total, that our exportation of agricultural products during the last fiscal year was largely in excess of any single year in the history of the country, and it is now known that our exportation of manufactured articles during the last fiscal year exceeded that of any other year by nearly $12,000,000, and reached in value the enormous sum of 288,871,449, and what is still more gratifying, our imports of manufactured articles during the same period were unusually light, showing that our manufacturers have recovered control of the market, which they partially lost under the low tariff law enacted by the Democrats, as well as increased their foreign trade.

These are the sort of facts that will have to be forgotten before the people of this country vote the Democratic party back into power; they are also the sort of facts that speak for themselves and need no labored argument to make them understood.—Williamsport (Pa.) Gazette.

Getting Too Hot for Them.

Effect of Intelligent Duties.

The importations of precious stones for the year ended August 1, 1898, amounted to $12,143,395, or more than $9,000,000 in excess of the amount imported under the Wilson-Gorman law the preceding year. The revenues derived by the Government in the year ending August 1, 1898, were $806,612, against $402,967 for 1897, being an increase of over 100 per cent. for the Dingley tariff. Under the more reasonable and intelligent duties now prevailing the Government receives the revenue to which it is entitled; whereas, under the higher duties of the Wilson-Gorman law, probably one-half the diamonds coming to the United States were smuggled in duty free.

Peculiarly American Policies.

Speaking of the present merely the fact of decreased importations is a good condition. It is profitable and promising. It is of the best of political economy. It is helpful and protective in behalf of American workmen, American homes and American institutions and policies. And with the development and expansion of this condition there must come constantly improving circumstances and environments to the very great credit and profit of the citizens of the United States, as well as to the institutions of the Republic and to what are recognized as the peculiarly American policies.—Bucks County (Penn.) Intelligencer.

Prescription For Prosperity.

Decreased imports and increased exports will appeal to the ordinary reader as being a very good prosperity prescription. It was the reversal of these conditions, when we imported much and exported little, that brought on the panic in '93. A trade balance of six hundred and fifteen millions, such as we have this year, causes no one but a free trade politician to whine.—Cazenovia (N. Y.) Republican.

Good Legislation.

Legislation that promotes the welfare of the wage-earner and increases the prosperity of the farmer at the same time is good legislation. Legislation that carries our foreign trade into new districts, that increases its volume in Europe, Asia and Africa is not a failure. The Dingley law has done all this.—Idaho Register.

A MAID-OF-ALL-WORK'S FORTUNE.

She Was Very Poor, But Is Now Worth $10,000,000.

Probably the greatest change ever wrought by a turn of fortune's wheel is that of a maid-of-all-work slaving in a Vienna (Austria,) tradesman's shop at fifty cents a day. She has suddenly fallen heiress to $10,000,000. Her father, Ferdinand Linke, whom she supposed to be poor, has just died. He was the king of Austrian usurers, and a conspicuous figure in Viennese life.

Linke started in a money lending business in 1869 with a capital of $50. By exorbitant rates of interest as well as callousness toward his victims he amassed a fortune and died worth over $10,000,000. Linke's methods frequently exceeded the limits of the law and he was sentenced to several terms of imprisonment amounting to about eight years. His private life was eccentric. He kept an old man to manage his household and lived as if in need of the necessities of life. He closely barred his doors and windows and had a bodyguard of bloodhounds.

After his death two or three million dollars in bank notes and gold were found under the floor, in a hole in the wall and in other curious places. He has imposed upon the heiress one characteristic condition—no portion of the inheritance is at any time to be devoted to charitable purposes.

The Largest Flag Unfurled.

The biggest flag in the world was unfurled a few days ago at Tyrone, Penn. The flag is sixty feet wide by 100 feet in length, and it contains 1000 square yards of bunting. It was swung on a cable half an inch in thickness and 3200 feet long, across from peak to peak of the two mountain ranges at the eastern entrance to the Juniata Valley, in which Tyrone lies.

IN SAN JUAN'S HARBOR.

The American Cruiser New Orleans at Porto Rico's Capital.

SCENES AT THE SHIP'S ARRIVAL.

First American War Vessel to Enter the Port Since the War Began—Incidents That Led Up to Her Visit—San Juan Short of Provisions—Commander Folger's Movements.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico (By Cable).—A white flag floats over the eastern parapet of Morro Castle and the large Spanish flag that has so long floated there has been hauled down and stored away. To all intents and purposes San Juan is ours, although the enemy has not officially surrendered.

Thus it was that the control of Porto Rico was gained, due in the main to the most successful blockade maintained by the New Orleans and the auxiliary cruiser Yosemite.

Within the city of San Juan want and poverty is apparent on every hand. There is plenty of beef, but provisions are not to be had at any price.

Enthusiastic scenes were witnessed when the United States war ship New Orleans, the first American vessel to enter the harbor of San Juan since the war with Spain began, steamed into port, and anchored near the English cable steamship.

The arrival of the New Orleans was rather unexpected, and created considerable excitement. The vessel entered the harbor at slow speed, the Stars and Stripes flying from the forepeak, and sounding lines being constantly in use.

Along the walls of Morro Castle the Spanish soldiers formed in solid mass, while great crowds of citizens swarmed on housetops and along the wharves, eagerly watching the advance of the American vessel.

After the New Orleans had dropped anchor Commander Folger came ashore at once, to pay his respects to Captain General Macias. He was met at the wharf by an immense crowd.

Rear Admiral Schley is expected to arrive here early in September, when he will hoist his new ensign on the New Orleans.

Major General Miles has telegraphed to Captain General Macias soliciting clemency in the case of Mayor Sanchez, who, it is thought here, probably will not be shot. There is a rumor that he has made his escape.

Captain-General Macias has protested to General Miles against allowing persons publishing newspapers in Ponce to say that the Spaniards contemplate vengeance on the natives. Those persons, he declares, are seeking to prejudice the Americans against the Spaniards.

General Miles has asked for permission to send a hospital ship to Arecibo, and his request has been granted.

MONITORS GOING OUT OF SERVICE.

Jackies Who Manned Them Will Retire to Civil Life.

PHILADELPHIA (Special).—All the old monitors of the Civil War, which were overhauled and refitted for coast defense purposes along the Atlantic sea board, will be brought here one by one and rest in peace at the League Island Navy Yard until circumstances shall again demand their active services. They were manned at the beginning of the war by the naval reserves of the surrounding States, and as each monitor goes out of commission so will the volunteer jackies retire to civilian life.

The monitor Jason has arrived at the League Island Navy Yard from New York harbor. She was towed into Delaware Breakwater by the auxiliary cruiser Yosemite. The naval reserves who manned the Nahant returned to New York. The monitor will be dismantled and consigned to her old resting place in the mud of the channel back of the Island.

A NEW AMERICAN REPUBLIC.

Convention For Salvador, Honduras and Nicaragua Finishes Its Work.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua (By Cable).—The convention recently engaged in formulating a constitution for the United States of Central America, embracing Salvador, Honduras and Nicaragua, has finished its work.

Commissioners were appointed to convene at Amapola, Honduras, on November 1 next. They will make preparations for the election on December 1 of a President, Senators, Representatives and Federal Judges for terms of four years, and for the installation in office of those elected on March 1, 1899.

The Federal district includes more than 3000 square miles on the Pacific coast.

Sick Soldiers Reach Home.

The sick of the Eighth Regiment, New York Volunteers, 260 in number, from Chickamauga, reached New York City Tuesday afternoon, and twenty-eight of them went to various hospitals. The men look bad, but the surgeon in charge, Captain Lindhein, says that they will all recover. There was an affecting scene when the sick men were met by their friends.

Du Bosc Wants Damages.

Du Bosc, lately Charge de Affairs of the Spanish Legation, Washington, has sued Canada's Governor-General for $500,000 damages for expulsion.

Prominent People.

Judson Lyons, of Atlanta, Ga., the colored Register of the Treasury, by signing his name on the war bonds, will send it down to history as no other of his race has done before.

Prince Max of Saxony, who has just been appointed Bishop of Kulm, is well known in England from his labors and preachings (in fluent English) in the East End of London during the last two years.

The Emperor of Austria intends to create a new order for ladies only, in commemoration of his jubilee, and to associate it some way with the Empress. There exists already an Order of Elizabeth-Theresa.

IDAHO FUSION TICKET.

Democrats and Silver Republicans Divide the Offices—Populists Left Out.

BOISE, Idaho (Special).—The Silver Republicans and Democrats of this State have fused and nominated a ticket, leaving the Populists without representation, because of their failure to harmonize with the two parties. The combination ticket nominated is as follows: Justice of Supreme Court, Isaac N. Sullivan, Silver Republican; for Governor, Frank Steunenberg, Democrat; for Congressman, Edward Wilson, Silver Republican; for Attorney-General, S. H. Hays, Democrat; for Secretary of State, Mart Patrie, Silver Republican; for Auditor, Bartlett Sinclair, Silver Republican; for Lieutenant-Governor, Joseph H. Hutchinson, Silver Republican; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, Miss Pearl French, Democrat; for Treasurer, Louis C. Rice, Democrat; for Mine Inspector, Jay A. Olzeh, Democrat.

GOVERNOR STEUNENBERG.

THE SOUDAN CAMPAIGN.

The British Have Their First Fight With the Khalifa's Troops.

CAIRO, Egypt (By Cable).—The Khalifa, according to a dispatch received Tuesday from Wed-El-Obeid, has laid torpedoes in the Nile below Omdurman, and a large Dervish force is issuing from Kerreri, about eight miles north of Omdurman, to meet the Anglo-Egyptian advance.

The dispatch also says that a brigade of friendly Arabs, commanded by Major Stuart Wortley, which has been pushing around Omdurman, the Dervish camp near Khartoum, with the view of cutting off the retreat of the forces of the Khalifa, had its first brush with the enemy on the east bank of the Nile and captured five men and a grain-laden boat.

The Dervish scouts are now frequently sighted, and the whole Anglo-Egyptian Army has reached Umterif, thirty miles from Omdurman.

The gunboat Mank was wrecked in a terrible sandstorm, while reconnoitring ten miles up the river.

HARBOR OF SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO.
(New Orleans has passed up to the city which is now practically under our control.)

BLACK AT CHICKAMAUGA.

Says Greatly Exaggerated Reports of Suffering Have Been Sent Out.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn. (Special).—Governor Black spent Tuesday in Chickamauga Park, investigating the conditions that exist there. He made a thorough investigation. He said:

"The most exaggerated reports ever sent out about any one thing have been sent out about the Chickamauga hospitals. I speak of conditions that exist to-day and not about what has been. I can only speak of what I have seen. I came to Chickamauga to criticise and thoroughly inspect everything in connection with the New York troops and camps.

"The sick of the Ninth New York have fared worse than any of the New York sick. They have not been treated right. The Eighth and Fourteenth are faring well, and the hospitals where their sick are confined are splendidly equipped and all right.

"I never in all my life saw a better equipped and better managed hospital in the field than the Sternberg. It is all right. I believe General Boynton in his report is correct, and that the neglect of the men is largely responsible for the large sick rate."

SPANIARDS REPORTED TO BE LOST.

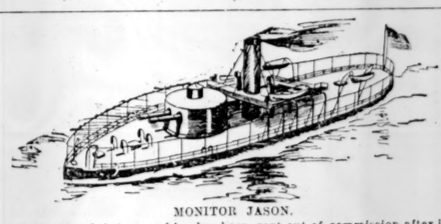
Nine Hundred Thought to Have Been Drowned on the Way to Manila.

TACOMA, Wash. (Special).—Early in the war Admiral Dewey captured the Spanish gunboat Leyte as it was returning to Manila from one of the Philippine Islands. The Hong Kong Daily Press says that in connection with this capture is another incident not previously made public. It relates to a loss of 900 Spaniards, of whom sixteen were Catholic priests.

The Leyte had been towing three vessels loaded with Spaniards who were fleeing for fear of falling into the insurgents' hands and being massacred. These vessels were towed down Pampalas River and along the coast with the intention of taking the passengers into Manila or surrendering them to the Americans.

A severe storm came up and compelled the Leyte to leave her tows and make for Manila to secure assistance. While en route there she was captured. Later American warships were sent to look for the three vessels, but they were nowhere to be found.

Inquiry among the insurgents showed that they had not seen the missing transports or their passengers. There can be no doubt that they foundered with all on board.


MONITOR JASON.
(The old Civil War fighting machine has been sent out of commission after its last appearance, probably, on the stage.)

A Big Iron Trust.

A big iron trust with $200,000,000 capital was launched in Wall street, New York.

Three Men Drowned.

Four workmen on a Canadian dredge operating in the Galloups Rapids below Ogdensburg, N. Y., while returning from shore in a punt, ran against the anchor chain and upset. Three were drowned in the rapids. The other man clung to the punt and drifted through the rapids, landing safely on the island below Carlina, about four miles away.

A New Spanish Governor-General.

General Rios, the Spanish Governor of the Visayos Islands, has proclaimed himself Governor-General of the Spanish dominions in the Philippines.

Minor Mention.

The Comal sailed from Tampa, Fla., with a million rations for the poor in Havana, Cuba.

The twenty-fourth annual session of the American Bankers' Association met in Denver, Col.

Andrew Carnegie has offered the Town Council of Dumfries, Scotland, $50,000 for a public library.

General Miles arraigned the mismanagement of the War Department in an interview given in Porto Rico.

The Central Stamping Company, known as the "Tinware Trust," made an assignment. The liabilities are about $300,000 and nominal assets $500,000.

CZAR PLEADS FOR PEACE

Count Muravieff Sends a Note to the Diplomats.

ARMIES A CRUSHING BURDEN.

The Powers Invited to Attend an International Peace Conference—A Note Likely to Produce a Sensation in Europe—National Culture and Economic Progress Checked by Militarism.

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia (By Cable).—By order of Emperor Nicholas, Count Muravieff, the Foreign Minister, on August 24 handed to the foreign diplomats at St Petersburg a note declaring the maintenance of peace and the reduction of the excessive armaments now crushing all nations to be the ideal for which all Governments ought to strive.

The Czar considers the present moment favorable for the beginning of a movement looking to this end, and invites the Powers to take part in an international conference as a means of thus assuring real and lasting peace and terminating the progressive increase of armaments.

LONDON (By Cable).—The Czar's proposition for an international conference for the purpose of securing real and lasting peace among the Powers, and the termination of the progressive increase in armaments, as conveyed in a note from Count Muravieff, the Russian Foreign Minister, to the foreign diplomats at St. Petersburg, is likely to produce a sensation throughout Europe; and, coming from such a quarter and with such evident sincerity, it is likely to have important effects. There is no doubt that with Russia taking the lead in such a step Germany, France and the other nations will be ready to follow.

The text of the note follows:

The maintenance of general peace and the possible reduction of the excessive armaments which weigh upon all nations present themselves in existing conditions to the whole world as an ideal toward which the endeavors of all governments should be directed. The humanitarian and magnanimous ideas of His Majesty the Emperor, my august master, have been won over to this view in the conviction that this lofty aim is in conformity with the most essential interests and legitimate views of all the Powers, and the Imperial Government thinks the present moment would be very favorable to seeking the means.

International discussion and the most effectual means of insuring all people's benefit—a real, durable peace, above all, putting an end to the progressive development of the present armaments.

The intellectual and physical strength of the nations, labor and capital are mostly diverted from their natural application, and are unproductively consumed. Hundreds of millions are devoted to acquiring terrible engines of destruction, which, though to-day regarded as the last word of science, are destined to morrow to lose all their value in consequence of some fresh discovery in the same field. National culture, economic progress and the production of wealth are either paralyzed or checked in development. Moreover, in proportion as the armaments of each Power increase, they less and less fulfil the object the governments have set before themselves.

It appears evident that if this state of things were to be prolonged it would inevitably lead to the very cataclysm it is desired to avert, and the horrors whereof make every thinking being shudder in advance.

To put an end to these incessant armaments and to seek the means of warding off the calamities which are threatening the whole world—such is the supreme duty to-day imposed upon all States.

Filled with this idea, His Majesty has been pleased to command me to propose to all the Governments whose representatives are accredited to the Imperial Court the assembling of a conference which shall occupy itself with this grave problem.

This conference will be, by the help of God, a happy presage for the century which is about to open. It would converge into one powerful focus the efforts of all States sincerely seeking to make the great conception of universal peace triumph over the elements of trouble and discord, and it would, at the same time, cement their agreement by a corporate consecration of the principles of equity and right, whereon rest the security of States and the welfare of peoples.

EX-GOVERNOR MATTHEWS DEAD.

The Late Executive of Indiana Succumbs to Paralysis in Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind. (Special).—Ex-Governor Claude Matthews died in this city Sunday. All the members of his family were present. He was stricken by paralysis while making a speech Thursday.

THE LATE CLAUDE MATTHEWS, OF INDIANA.

Claude Matthews was born in Bath County, Kentucky, December 14, 1845. He went to Indiana and settled on a farm in Vermillion County in 1868. He married Martha Renick Whitcomb, the only child of James Whitcomb, who was twice Governor of Indiana, and afterward United States Senator. He was elected Governor in 1892. Mr. Matthews was a successful farmer and stock-breeder on a large scale. He was a man of national reputation and was talked of as a candidate for President in 1896.

German Crusade Against Our Flour.

The Imperial Ministry of the Interior at Berlin, Germany, by a circular to the different German Governments, calls attention to the fact that American wheat flour is frequently mixed with corn, and asks that steps be taken to prevent the importation of such flour.

Grain Riots in Persia.

The agitation at Tabriz, Persia, against the principal holders of grain is becoming serious. Fifteen persons were

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

A Great Screamer.

More than 50 years ago Lachlan McDonald left his home in Strathspey, Scotland, and went to the shores of Lake Winnipeg. He did not neglect to carry with him his beloved bagpipe, and many an evening it spoke to him of the old home beyond the seas.

Even in the daytime, when he was busy in the woods felling trees, he would have it by his side, and on one occasion he had reason to be glad that it was so near.

He was merrily swinging his ax, when he was suddenly surrounded by a party of Indians, who looked very formidable as they drew nearer, gesticulating in a particularly threatening manner. Things began to seem ominous, when a happy thought came to the Scotchman.

Seizing his bagpipe, he blew a blast so loud and long and shrill that the startled red men looked upon him for a moment in consternation and then took to their heels, never stopping till the thick shadows of the forest hid them from the man who could give vent to such an unearthly scream.

They did not forget that prolonged cry; from that time the Scotchman was known among them as "the great screamer of the palefaces."—Exchange.

Everybody says so.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day. 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. is on every wrapper.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Feb'y. 21, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sunday), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:30, A. M., and 6:00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sunday, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:20, A. M.

Through trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City; and with the W. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C. Stops at Roanoke Island, Ocracoke and Oriental.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. B Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Ag't.

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W. H. Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.,
Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER

2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

GROVES

TASTELESS

CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 699 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 16 years, in the drug business, have never handled anything that gave such universal satisfaction or that sold as rapidly as your Chill Tonic. Yours truly, SAMUEL GLASS & CO.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

SENATORIAL REPUBLICAN CONVENTION, FIRST DISTRICT.

The Republicans of the First Senatorial District will meet in Convention at Elizabeth City, N. C., on Thursday, September, 15, 1898, at 3 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of selecting candidates for Senators.

M. B. CULPEPPER, Chm'n Ex. Com.

THE PRESENT SITUATION.

It is premature and unwise to speak or think of the war with Spain as entirely a thing of the past. It is still a present, continuing fact. It will remain such until the Treaty of Peace is signed and ratified.

For the time being there is a stay of hostilities. The armies have stopped fighting Spain has said 'Yes" to certain demands of ours for the evacuation of the Spanish (now American) Antiles, for coaling stations, etc. An attempt is now to be made to negociate a peace. We all hope and expect a successful issue of this attempt.

But plantation philosophy admonishes us that possum on the tree is not possum in the pot, and an older philosophy bids us remember the possible mischance between the cup and the lip. It will be soon enough for Uncle Sam to hang up his rifle when he knows "for certain" that on the present occasion he's not going to have any further use for it.

THE DEAF, DUMB AND BLIND INSTITUTION.

The Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institution, as managed under this administration, shows that it has just closed its most prosperous year. For the first quarter, ending January 30, 1896, the attendance was 200, and the cost per capita 899.85, while for the quarter ending January 30, 1898, under the present management, it had 303 pupils, at a cost per capita of 865.73, yet, for the purpose of making political capital, the Democratic leaders, by falsehood and slanders, seek to bring into disrepute this Asylum for the unfortunate children of our State: all this for the sake of getting control of the Legislature.

BE SPECIFIC.

The Democratic press and speakers, acting under the advice of that potential ballot-box corruptionist who is at the head of the party this year, have flooded the State with abuse of the Russell administration. They declare that it is just reeking with corruption. But they speak in general terms. They are not specific. Now these gentry have circulated so many falsehoods about Republicans and Populists, that any general statement they make will be put down as untrue.

When it is remembered that the Democrats in 1891 passed a law prohibiting the carrying of colored men out of the State unless a license tax of $1,000 was paid, imposing a fine of from $500 to $1,000, or imprisonment as a penalty, it is strange to hear them howling nigger! nigger! now. But, in their desperation, they are making it main stock in trade, hoping to win by appeals to prejudice and passion. It won't succeed.

The Progressive Farmer, speaking of the negro paper in Wilmington, which recently printed the vile story about the white women of the State, says "it has been supported mainly by advertising, etc., given it by Democrats, who doubtless inspired the editorial, or flattered him until they got him worked up to the point where he was willing to write such outragonus rot to please them."

Spain is to co-operate with us in removing the mines from Havana Harbor. As things have turned out, it would have been money in her pocket if she had never put them down. The one that blew up the Maine in particular was the costliest firecracker in history, and Spain will be lucky if she is able to liquidate the damages resulting from its explosion in a century.

Uncle Sam is just now much pestered with the multitude of people who want to lend him money. Though his expenses have been heavy lately, he has all he needs, and gives outthro' his head bookkeeper that he will not issue any more bonds at present.

Is it strange that mistakes have been made? Probably never in the history of the world did a War Department have so much to do in so short a time as the Department under Secretary Alger.

It was once supposed that the world could not get along without Havana tobacco. The improvement of the American crop has dispelled that idea.

The cry that "The Dingley Tariff bill is a failure" bumps up against the fact that we have exported more imported less.

OUT OF THE MOUTH OF A DEMOCRAT.

Senator McLaurin has owned up like a man that he was all wrong in advocating the recognition of the so-called Cuban Republic, and William McKinley all right in preventing it He now holds the President's judgment in high respect. He believes him to be more popular with the masses in all parts of the country than any of his predecessors since Andrew Jackson. "If the election for President were to take place now, I would be in favor," says this enthusiastic Southern Democratic Senator, "of renominating him by acclamation and electing him without another candidate in the field."

The Democratic papers should get a copyright on that little news note of theirs "Many Populists present and were heard to declare their intention of supporting the Democratic ticket this year." They are entitled to the copyright, as the expression is a product of their own imagination.

Under the Democratic election machinery Chairman Simmons went to Congress in the same District where under the present fair election law George H. White was elected two years ago by the large majority of 1282 over two other candidates. The district has a large majority of colored voters.

A contemporary pertinently asks: "If the cooperation crowd has ruined the State, why is it her bonds sell so well and readily?" These bond buyers, whatever else you may say of them, are not fools.

Republican State Chairman Holton and Secretary Hyams have established Headquarters in Raleigh at Park Hotel, and will conduct the business of the State campaign from that point until the election, November 8.

The record shows that the Agricultural Department shows that under Cooperation 85,000 more has been collected and 830,000 less been expended than under Democratic rule. Figures don't lie.

The prophets who said a serious disturbance would follow the annexation of Hawaii were in error. Not a soul has objected to it outside of the American pullbacks.

A Card.

The Democratic Organ of August 26th, 1898, had the following in the local column: "It is said that Mr. I. M. Meekins, in accepting his nomination as Solicitor, made a most inflammatory and incendiary speech and greatly pandered to the negroes If the report be true Mr. Meekins is unfit to hold the office, etc."

Besides the above reference, several of my friends said to me it was reported around town that I said I was in favor of negro supremacy and that I preferred to see the negroes rule the State than the Democrats. Being thoroughly convinced that I said no such thing I therefore published the following card:

"The man who circulated the report that I, in my acceptance speech on Tuesday night, said I was in favor of negro supremacy, or that I preferred to see the negroes rule in North Carolina than the Democrats, is either a fool who could not comprehend what I was talking about and therefore not responsible, or he is a miserable vicious liar and ought not to be countenanced by decent people.

Having given the lie to some one, whose identity is unknown to me, I will say to the French gentleman that Knight Errantry was TRUTH, and the foulest insult you can offer a man since the Crusades is, "You lie." No man is more submissive to truth than I, and I trust no one is quicker to resent a lie."

I. M. MEEKINS.

August 29, 1891.

In reply to this card behold the following in the Democratic organ:

ELIZ. CITY, N. C., Sept. 1, '98.

We, the undersigned citizens of Pasquotauk county, say that we were in the hearing of Mr. I. M. Meekins at the time that he made his speech accepting the nomination of Solicitor by the Republican convention. The same was inflamatory and calculated to arouse race prejudice, and he did pander to the negroes.

W. S. DUNTON,
GEO. MADRIN,
W. M. JENNINGS,
M. L. WHEDBEE.

Now, white men, what think ye of this! A young man who comes before you as a candidate for one of the most responsible offices in the judiciary of the district, writing such a card of denial in the face of such testimony?

The editor, in my judgment, might as well have said that I was a liar and been done with it. But that is all right, as I suppose an editor with a pen in one hand and a crutch in the other and with a head white as the Alpine snow can say what he pleases about people and they are helpless to resent it.

It is not my purpose to invite a newspaper controversey with him nor do I propose to say anything that will necessitate one, but if it is forced upon me I will try to take care of myself.

I dislike to make an attack upon anybody or say unpleasant things about even the vilest of creatures, but when "flap-doodles" flaunt themselves into the faces of decent men then it is time to speak out.

Now as to these "respectable" citizens whom the editor has furnished, I desire to say that I knew but one of them, therefore I had to set about to inquire as to their identity. Upon investigation I find that W. M. Jennings, George Madrin and Monroe L. Whedbee compose a complete "kettle of fish" and catfish at that.

This trio falls within the first clause of my card, to-wit: FOOLS. Even the Democrats here ridicule the whole gang and I venture that the editor feels his risibilities excited when he thinks of them fellows—their respectability and competency, etc. to judge a speech.

I would not design to even notice these black-eyed peas were they known in the District as they are here. They are a complete set of Satcherazers of the rickerchette order "me too" men, regular benighted ninompoops whose mentality is inferior to that of the animal which Balam rode. Zoologicallly speaking they are crosses between dog flies and katy-dids. Yaps and guinea pigs, who are content to stand in front of bar counters and gaze at their "mugs" in the glass as the swallows homeward fly. The worst of these fellows is Whedbee, if reports are true. That little hog story in Salem and the paint in ashes of James Carter caused people to say that he can't properly distinguish betwe n "mine and thine." Were this trio to meet "inflammatory" in the road, they wouldn't know whether it was a jay bird or a swamp grindel.

But, my friends, in seriousness, I desire to say like Erassimus of old: "There is a certain class of men of low degree, yet full of malice, not less dingy, nor less filthy, nor less vile than beetles, who, nevertheless, by a certain obstinate, malignant disposition, though they can never do good to any mortal, become frequently troublesome. They frighten by their ugliness, they molest by their noise, they offend by their stench, they buzz round us, they cling to us, they lie in ambush for us, so that it is often better to be at enmity with powerful men than to attack these beetles, whom it is a disgrace to overcome and whom no one can shake off or encounter without some pollution."

This reply is for the benefit of the fools as before stated; now if the liars desire a hearing they will be gratified at the asking.

The man who took the card to Dunton has dropped his mask. I desire to say he is an undeveloped bump of political scull-drudgery.

I have made no mention of Mr. Dunton in this matter, because he is a decent man and a gentleman. He was beguiled into the iniquitous scheme without reflection, as is evidenced by his letter to me, which was voluntary on his part and appears below.

ISAAC M. MEEKINS.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Sept., 5th, 1898.

MR. I. M. MEEKINS:

Dear Sir:—I am a Democrat but not a politician; had I been I would not have been so unfortunate as I am in the appearance and re-appearance of my name in reference to your speech.

I want to say to you that Dr Lemmie Blades brought me the card which was published in the "Economist" of last week, and, being busy at the time, I glanced over it hurriedly and signed it. Upon reflection I find that I have done you an injustice and am man enough to confess it.

Respectfully yours,
W. S. DUNTON.

Institution for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind and its Management.

As the News and Observer, and some of the lesser lights of the same political faith, have been making desperate efforts of late to bring the Institution for the Deaf Dumb and Blind into disgrace, a representative from the staff of The Progressive Farmer called on Mr. John E. Ray, the Principal, to get the facts in the case. We need not introduce Mr. Ray to our readers. He is well known throughout the State. For years he was Secretary of the Boards of the Baptist State Convention. He was at one time partner with Col. Polk in ownership and management of the Progressive Farmer. He has always been a Democrat.

Mr. Ray says: "The law provides for a Board of Trustees of seven members to manage the affairs of the Institution. The Institution over which I have the honor to preside as Principal is divided into departments, white and colored. These departments are in separate buildings on opposite sides of the city of Raleigh, nearly a mile apart. In selecting the Board of Trustees, to be confirmed in March 1897, James H. Young was selected with a view of having a colored representative on the Board to give special attention to the colored department. Young was confirmed with the others. Of course he met with the Board, and it was his privilege to vote on all questions. He generally voted with his party friends, otherwise he avoided interference with the white department. He never came there, except to attend Board meeting, more than two or three times. Then he saw me at my office, politely transacted his business and retired. HE NEVER SERVED ON ANY COMMITTEE OF INSPECTION OF THE WHITE DEPARTMENT. To me he seemed to studiously avoid doing or saying anything that would in the last embarrass any lady. He has always been respectful to me, both in my official and personal dealings with him. He resigned about June 1st, and has not attended a Board meeting in three months. There is not now a colored representative on the Board."

It is needless to say that Mr. Ray is mortified and disgusted at the effort which is being made to damage the Institution which closed, last spring, the most prosperous year of its existence. It was but right and proper that on this board of seven trustees, which has control of the colored, as well as the white deaf and dumb and blind, that the colored people should have one representative, and we do not hesitate to say that if one negro can control six white men, then the six white men deserve no sympathy, nor any place on the board. Mr. Ray is not only the Principal of the Institution, both departments, but is also Secretary ex-officio of the Board of Directors, hence attends all meetings and knows whereof he speaks.—Progressive Farmer.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that goldis of little value in comparison with the marvelous cure; would have it even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free at A. Wadsworth's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1, Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

REVOLTING SCENE PICTURED BY A CASTILIAN NOVELIST.

A Striking Description of the Daring and Courage Displayed by the Retired General Who Would Not Permit an Englishman to Outdo Him.

The realistic Spanish novelist, Valdes, in one of his most popular stories ("Sister San Suplice," translated by Nathan Haskell Dole) gives a description of a retired Spanish general's afternoon out which will illuminate many chivalric incidents in Spanish life and aptly illustrates the reckless daring and courage of which the average haughty don is liberally possessed. The scene is a sort of picnic grounds in the outskirts of Seville:

"Meantime the animation had been on the increase among the ruffians. The period of unmannerly action had come. One of them climbed upon the table, to make a speech, and the others, by way of applause, threw sherry and manzanilla in his face. Another was trying to lift with his teeth a companion whom drunkenness had stretched out on the floor. He did not succeed. He merely tore his sack coat. Still others were committing absurd and extravagant actions, making a great noise and uproar.

"The count remained grave and silent, drinking one glass of sherry after another. But his eyes were no longer, as usual, incomprehensible and unfathomable, like those of a man tired of life. Though he did not speak or move about he seemed a different man.

"The Englishman had taken off his jacket and waistcoat, and, rolling up his shirt sleeves, was exhibiting his biceps, which were really powerful, and trying to break empty bottles on his arm. Once blood had come, but he went on breaking the bottles without paying any attention to it. Then he asked the waiter to bring a bottle of rum and a large glass. He filled this to the brim with the liquor, and then slowly, without moving a muscle or even winking, he drained it to the bottom. Then he sat down at the table opposite the count and said solemnly:

"'You can't do that.'

"A flash of fury gleamed through the harebrained nobleman's eyes, but he succeeded in restraining himself, and, turning the rest of the bottle into the glass, he calmly ordered the waiter to bring him some pepper. He threw in a pinch of it, then threw into it his cigar ashes heaped up before him, and, without saying a word, with the same scornful, contemptuous smile, drained the glass, and, not content with that, bit it in pieces. We saw his lips spotted with blood. The company received with oles and shouts of triumph this proof of an unconquerable stomach, in which it seemed as though the national honor were concerned.

"Our neighbors in the other booths must have reached the same happy grade of temperature, for nothing was heard but extravagant shouts, the crashing of glasses, coarse laughter and swearing.

"The count was not yet satisfied with his victory over the Englishman. While he was swallowing with apparent calmness the glasses of liquor which were offered to him he did not cease to devour him with his eyes, carried away by a dull madness, which soon broke out. His eyes, which were the only part of his impassive face that moved, gleamed more and more ferociously, like those of a madman when a straitjacket has been put on him. The Englishman continued to boast of his strength. He was now thoroughly intoxicated and talking impudently enough to the others, who were not so drunk.

"'So you are very valiant, are you?' asked the count, still smiling disdainfully.

"'More than you,' retorted the Englishman.

"Don Jenaro started to spring at him, but the others restrained him. Soon calming himself, he said:

"'If you are so brave, why not put your hand on the table?'

"'What for?'

"'To pin it down with mine.'

"The Englishman, without an instant's hesitation, stretched out his huge, brawny hand. The count took out of his pocket a damaskeened dagger and laid his delicate, gentlemanly hand on the Englishman's, and without hesitation and with a ferocious grip he raised the point with the other and drove it through both into the table.

"The women uttered a cry of terror. All of us men ran to their assistance. A few left the place in search of help. In an instant our booth was filled with blood. From the wounds great drops of blood streamed, staining the handkerchiefs which we applied to them.

"A doctor who happened to be among the bystanders dressed the wounds provisionally with the few means at his disposal. The count smiled while they were dressing his hand. The Englishman was as sick as a horse and vomiting. Soon the count was doing the same, and both were taken to such rooms as the establishment had to offer and went to bed. Every one left, commenting on the barbarism of the deed."

WINE OF CARDUI

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THE discomforts and dangers of child-birth can be almost entirely avoided. Wine of Cardui relieves expectant mothers. It gives tone to the genital organs, and puts them in condition to do their work perfectly. That makes pregnancy less painful, shortens labor and hastens recovery after child-birth. It helps a woman bear strong healthy children.

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has also brought happiness to thousands of homes barren for years. A few doses often brings joy to loving hearts that long for a darling baby. No woman should neglect to try it for this trouble. It cures nine cases out of ten. All druggists sell Wine of Cardui. $1.00 per bottle.

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Weakness manifests itself in the loss of ambition and aching bones. The blood is watery; the tissues are wasting—the door is being opened for disease. A bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters taken in time will restore your strength, soothe your nerves, make your blood rich and red. Do you more good than an expensive special course of medicine. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

General McDowell.

I have never met any one who gave me a stronger impression of honesty and sincerity than Irvin McDowell. He was then in the prime of life—40 or 45 years old—powerfully built, but rather ponderous in movement, kindly and simple in manner, with a very pleasant, soldierly face, a water drinker and almost a vegetarian. After the cruel war was over I met him one day in some foreign city—Vienna, I think—and as we were conversing he said, "Strange, isn't it, our encounter today?"

"Why so, general?"

"Have you forgotten? This is the 21st of July—the anniversary of Bull Run. Had I won that battle I would have been one of the most popular men in the United States and you would have been another. I need not say how much it is the other way with us now."

But I do not think his countrymen blamed him after all. When I went to the United States some years ago, I found him in command at San Francisco—much changed, aged and sad, but courteous and, kindly as ever. I told him that I had in a place of honor at home the photograph which he gave me before he left my lodgings the day he was looking for Barry's guns. "And I suppose," he said, "your friends ask, 'Who on earth was General McDowell?'"—Sir W. H. Russell in North American Review.

If She Were a Man.

"Oh," she suddenly exclaimed, "I wish I were a man."

"What would you do?" he asked.

"I'll not say what I would do, but there is one thing I will confess that I wouldn't do."

"And that is?"

"I wouldn't sit around as if I had handcuffs on when I happened to be alone with a girl."—Cleveland Leader.

A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and weak kidneys, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to the Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and a nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative and restores to system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents a bottle at Alex Wadsworth's drug store.

$100

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Notice of Administration.

Having qualified as Administratrix of the late C. S. Lynch, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement; and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

MRS. C. J. LYNCH;
Adm'x C. S. Lynch.

Aug. 19, 1898.

Notice to Teachers.

All persons wishing to teach in the Public Schools of Pasquotank County are requested to be examined on the regular days; namely, on the Second Thursdays in September and November. Those holding certificates that will expire on, or before, December 1st, will please be examined on the stated days. By request of Board of Education.

J. D. FULMER, Chm'n.

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Oldest and largest School in Eastern North Carolina. A Preparatory and Finishing School for both sexes. Twenty-first annual session opens SEPTEMBER 19th, 1898.

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1,000 yards Lawn reduced to 3½c the yard; Organdies, Lawns, Percales, India Linen and Wool Dress Goods greatly reduced in prices.

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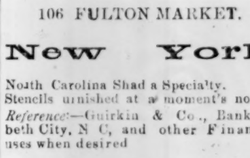

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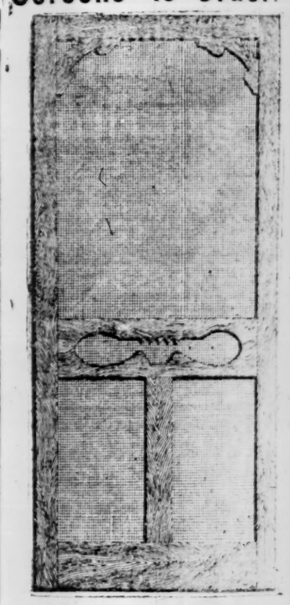

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Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, W. S. Penick, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

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Colonial—Methodist, P. R. Anderson, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Lake Picree, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, ——— pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor,

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W. Brothers, jr. W. M.; Dr. J. R. Grigg, S. W.; Jr. J. L. Pendleton, J. W.; T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Grice, J. D.; B. F. Spence, Treas.; D. B. Bradford, Secretary; E. F. Sawyer, Chaplain; J. A. Hooper and T. J. Jordan, stewards; E. J. Shepherd, Tiler Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; W. A. Jones, N. G.; R. H. Commander, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'ty; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer; W. H. Ballard, P. G.

Talula Encampment No. 8; W. A. Jones, C. P.; F. L. Garrett, H. P.; D. M. Simons, S. W.; H. O. Hill; Scribe; G. W. Twiddy, Treas.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; R. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Tratton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanlogi, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; R. C. Lane, Sr. Sacamore; Luther Holloman, C. of R.; S. H. Murrell, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of W Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: E. C. Kramer, chairman; F. M. Godfrey, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper, A. D. Jones. Health Officer, Dr. Isaac Fearing. Attorney, I. M. Meekins.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Supervisor I. M. Meekins; Board of Education: John D. Fuller, Newton A Jones and John T. Davis.

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Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Select School, I. N. Tillett, Principal.
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☞ Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, September 7, 1898.

☞ Sweet potatoes are doing well

☞ The rice crop never promised better.

☞ Currituck Court this week, Judge Hoke presiding. He will hold Camden Court next week.

☞ Another unexpected demand for this issue again obliges us to print a number of half sheets.

☞ The Republican Senatorial Convention of the Second District will be held at Plymouth on the 16th inst, at 3 o'clock.

☞ We learn that our old and esteemed friend Captain John M. Jones, of Edenton, after a lingering illness, died on Friday. Peace to his memory.

☞ On the 1st inst, by Justice M. B. Culpepper, Mr. Walter Taylor and Miss Dora Burfoot, both of Portsmouth, Va., were happily united in the bonds of wedlock.

☞ A colored man named Ed. Felton, of Salem, was arrested on Thursday for obtaining a suit of clothes from Sawyer & Jones, on a forged order. He confessed his guilt and is now in jail.

☞ Watch 'em—aspirants for Republican nominations who hob-nob with leading Democratic politicians and are seen frequenting a Democratic office, apparently making it a head quarters.

☞ While we do not agree with all the doctrines of the Populists, we do agree on the platform "Beat the Democrats." And in this really patriotic work we acknowledge them as trusted allies.

☞ Dr. W. H. Morris, Veterinary Surgeon, has just cured a horse for Toxey & Co. an obstinate case of impacted bowels, a generally considered incurable disease. The Doctor has a quite successful practice.

☞ Among the prominent Republicans of the District we had never met were F. G. Stilley and W. D. Alford, of Pamlico, both of whom attended the Judicial Convention here They are stalwart Republicans and we were glad to make their acquaintance.

☞ The Norfolk & Southern Railroad Company is about to remodel their Freight Depot here, placing the business offices upon the second floor, converting the entire lower story into a freight room. It is also proposed to enlarge the Passenger Depot, extend the platform and enclose the entire space with a neat fence.

☞ The Town Commissioners, having had notice served upon them that large damages would be demanded by a number of the property holders—one of them $1000, decided to post-pone work on the moving of the buildings, etc., on Poindexter street until the amounts assessed by the Jury are accepted. The Commissioners do not feel justified in subjecting the Corporation to the expense of suits and possible exorbitant damages.

☞ The disreputably conducted sheet down town continues its low-down abuse. This is to be expected, as it is its editor's method of conducting political campaigns, even going so far as to skulk behind inuendoes to escape personal chastisement and criminal prosecution. It is intimated that in ceriain insinuations in the last issue he refers to us. If this is so, we denounce him as a malicious defamer, a despicable liar, a cowardly poltroon and a disgrace to journalism. That we are fully justified in the use of these strong epithets, we refer to the citizens of this town, highly respected and esteemed, who were our neighbors and countymen in the Keystone State, and who followed us here for the same reason that we left, to locate in a more genial climate. Every time any of them visit our and their old home they bring kind messages to us from the people among whom we spent our young manhood days, and by whom we were given positions of honor and trust. And, when eight years ago, we made our last visit there we received receptions which assured us that we were still kindly remembered:

——Now, on the other hand, *who* is this would-be assassin of other men's character and reputation? What is *his* standing in the community in which he has spent his useless life? What has *he* ever done by way of aid in promoting any public improvement? His name is not found on the tax list, isn't it true that the *humblest negro* in his Ward contributes as much—many of them more—than he to support the Town, County and State? As unpleasant as it will be, we here give notice that if these insinuations are intended as reflections upon our personal character, and are continued, we shall feel justified in publishing data at command, some of which are still more malodorous than the unforgotten "Sumner Mare" scandal. Much better men wear convict garbs behind prison bars.

☞ Our Washington correspondent is taking his annual vacation. Upon his return his readable letters will be resumed.

☞ Cut weeds in time. Don't let them go to seed. "One year's seeding makes three year's weeding."

☞ The Democrats of the Second Senatorial District have nominated H. S. Ward and J. W. Miller for Senators.

☞ The right price on Dress Goods at Fowler & Co.'s

☞ NOTICE TO FISHERMEN:—For Nets and Twines, see Fowler & Co.

☞ When a man asserts that he is just as good as another man he generally believes that he's better.

☞ A fisherman says fish should not be permitted to lie when they can be hung. How about fishermen?

☞ Boarding houses are said to be necessary evils intended to convince bachelors that they should have homes of their own.

☞ Table Linen and Towels without any extra tariff on them at Fowler & Company's.

☞ SHOES, SHOES, SHOES, for the young and old at Fowler & Co's at bottom prices.

☞ Success in agriculture requires preliminary study and preparation as much as any profession.

☞ Numerous instances can be pointed out showing that agricultural students have much better prospects of success on the farm than those lacking such education.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

☞ There will be Co-operation in this State. The State Central Republican and Populist Committees have unanimously and harmoniously agreed upon it.

☞ The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

☞ "Our hearts go out to the poor," remarked the observer of men and things, "largely because our hearts can go out without getting our feet wet."

☞ The Democratic lies in reference to James H. Young's connection with the Institution for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind are refuted by the Principal. See article in another column.

☞ Fowler & Co. are closing out small lots of Shoes for Misses, Ladies and Men at about half price, to clear up their stock.

☞ The Democrats who were lookers on at the Conventions here and at Edenton had their eyes opened to the fact that the statements made in the Democratic press that the Populist party is on the wane isn't true so far as the First District is concerned, at least. The attendance was large and the determination to "beat the Democrats," as strong as ever.

☞ If you are going to buy a Parasol or Umbrella, it will pay you to examine Fowler & Co.'s before buying

A Sure Thing for You.

A transaction, in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

☞ Certain "missionaries" are busily engaged in secretly circulating lying and inflamatory circulars calling them "Democratic literature." Let no one be deceived.

☞ A choir of Orphans, nine girls and two boys, from the Asylum, gave an intetesting Concert at Lowry's Academey on Monday night. There was a good audience and that the entertainment was enjoyed and appreciated was manifested by the general applause.

☞ The very men who are howling loudest in this County about "negro rule" are those who are secretly urging the negroes to insist upon being placed upon the County ticket. They are hoping to have the ticket so largely composed of colored men as to keep white men from voting for it. Right thinking colored men will not be deceived.

☞ The Republicun party is right. Its principles and policy best promote the interests of the people. Because the colored voters believe this and support it is not a good reason why any man should vote with the Democratic party whose principles and policy have been and are detrimental to the best interests of the country. Determine to vote *right*, as every good citizen should, regardless of what others do or say.

Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.

☞ "A Citizen" calls attention to the fact that Zeb Vance said that Simmons was not fit to hold a Federal office, and asks: "Is such a man fit to be at the head of the Democratic party in North Carolina?" We should say not of any *honest* party.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 5:36 and will set to-night at 6:19.—Only the best of everything comes to the man who waits on himself.—Two of our young townsmen, Marvin Sawyer and W. S. Cartwright, have left to enter Wake Forrest College.—Failure consists in giving up, not in not succeeding.—Mrs. Henry Grice is off on a trip to Baltimore.—Among those who toil and spin are the bicycle riders.—Miss Emma Cobb has returned from a visit to her aunt at Cornland, Va.—It is not the place that maketh the person, but the person that maketh the place honorable.—Miss Edner Buck, of Suffolk, Va., is visiting Miss Carrie Griffin, on Cypress st.—One touch of love mends many a heart puncture.—Popularity often wins new acquintances and loses old friends.—A certain young man on reading of the Hobson incident, was heard humming:

I'd like to be a hero,
And with the heroes stand,
To be kissed by all the pretty girls
And never turn a hand.

—A 820 gold piece is a nice round sum.—Miss Alice Walker, of Gilmerton, Va., is visiting Mrs. J. T. Palmer in the First Ward.—But few people who are born fools ever succeed in living it down.—Miss Inez Bell, of Portsmouth, Va., is the guest of Miss Mary Wood on Road street.—The trouble is not always in biting off more than one can chew, but rather the swallowing thereof.—Mr. Fred H. Ziegler, our popular Undertaker, has returned with his family from Nags Head. He reports that fish and game are abundant there.—A proud spirit is always in danger of being mistaken for a bad disposition.—Mrs. Harry Bliven and sister, Miss Addie Heath, of Berkley, Va, are the guests of Mrs. Peter S. Shipp in the First Ward.—No mule can kick and draw a load at the same time.—Rev. J. B. Ferebee has tendered his resignation as Pastor of Berea Baptist Church.—The Versifier calls attention to a crying need:

We've Dewey dogs and Dewey cats,
And Dewey infant boys,
We've Dewey suits and Dewey hats,
Ten thousand Dewey toys,
The name 'most everywhere you see
Now here, now there again,
We've lots of Dewey things but we
Are short on Dewey men

—Miss Lillie Grandy has returned to resume her position as Teacher in the Seminary at Oxford. She was accompanied by Misses Estella Davis and Cornie White as students.—Nowadays the average girl may not know quite as much as her mother, but she enjoys what she does know a lot more.—We have that satisfaction of stating that we have had over fifty additions to our subscription list during the past week.—Be sure you're right then go ahead, regardles of the road others take.—Tomatoes are becoming scarce.—Eve doubtless had her faults, but she never went through Adam's pockets while he was asleep.—Some one thus alludes to "An Unfortunate Succession:"

The fools will never all be dead,
Ill tell you the reason why:
The young ones are always coming on
As fast as the old ones die,

—Scuppernong grapes in market.—Courtship is said to be life's poetry, and marriage the prose.—The CAROLINIAN Job Office continues to be well patronized. The Foreman studies to please and give satisfaction.—Several of of our lawyers are attending Currituck Court.—J. W. Albertson, jr., esq., now of Tarboro, who was quite ill here for several weeks, has recovered and returned. He gave us a call.—When a man has no faith in humanity, humanity has no faith in him.—"He says he just wants to fall down and worship me all the time," said a Northend young lady. "Oh, well, don't mind that," replied her mother. "After you're married he won't let it interfere with his business."—Commissioner Berry is doing some good work on streets and sidewalks.—The man who looks upon wine when it is red may feel blue later.—Some sweet-faced girls remind one of powdered sugar.—Speaking of our new possessions, a young enthusiast exclaims:

Hooray for our conquest far over the sea;
Its glory—with rapture I tell it.
Its name has music which fills me with glee,
Though I cannot pronounce it nor spell it.

—Getting a tooth pulled is one instance where a man is bound to stay and see the thing out.—Mr. Hal Vaughan, of New York, who has been visiting his parents here, has left for home.—A dance was given on Friday night at the Hotel Arlington, Water street.—Miss Inez Angell, of Newberne, is visiting Miss Kate Davis in the First Ward.—Miss Annie Vaughan has returned from a visit to Ashville.—A horseshoe brings luck if it happens to be on the foot of the wearer.—We had a call on Monday from John J. Cunniff esq. News Editor of the Scranton, Pa., "Times." He was here on a short prospecting visit.—One of the horses belonging to the Corporation having died, and another now too old for the service required, the Mayor has been directed to go to Norfolk and purchase others to take their places. The old horse, still good for light work, is for sale.—In company with our esteemed townsman T. T. Whitcomb, we had an enjoyable visit on Monday from Will X. Coley, editor of "The Orphan's Ftiend," of Oxford, N. C He is in charge of the Orphans from the Asylum who gave a Concert here on Monday night.—Mrs Maggie, wife of D. W. O'Neal, died at her home on Harney street, on Saturday. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. C. F. Hunter.—At the meeting of the town Commissioners Monday evening Isaac Salomonsky was unanimously elected Fire Commissioner. It is a good selection—James H. Hill who was buglar on the Revenue Cutter Morrell in the Cuban service, is at home on a leave of absence.—Miss Ida Flora is visiting friends in Hertford.—Mr. and Mrs. Julian Russell, of Norfolk, have been visiting Mrs. W. W. Griffin on Main street.—Miss Retta Gray, of Avon, is visiting Miss Mattie Penick on West Main street.—Messrs. Everett Thompson and Frank Hollowell have left for Chapel Hill to attend the University.—Mrs S. E. Speight is off on a visit to friends in Maryland.—We acknowledge pleasant calls last evening from Hon. Theo. White and Col. Charles Wood, of Hertford. Both fully agree with us that the thing to do is to "beat the Democrats."

☞ Mr. Ed. Wood, Agent of the Norfolk and Southern Railroad at Edenton, committed suicide on Monday morning.

Elizabeth City District—FouthRoun & R. A. Willis, P. E., Eliz City, N. C.

Lymounth (night)	Sept.	3	4
Roper at Roper	"	4	5
Pasquotank at Newbegun	"	10	11
Edenton	"		18
Pantego at Bath	"	24	25
South Camden Concord	"		28
Gates, Fletcher	Oct.	1	2
Currituck, Ebenezer	"	8	9
Columbia at Columbia	"	15	16
North Gates, Sevages	"	23	24
Kenekeet, Little Kennekeet	"	29	30
Kitty Hawk, Collington	"	29	30
Roanoke Island	"	30	31
Hatteras, at Hatteras	Nov.	5	6
Hertford	"	6	7
Perquimans, Cedar Grove	"		8
Dare, at Croatan	"		13
Camden	"	19	20
Elizabeth City	"		27

What is Scott's Emulsion?

It is a strengthening food and tonic, remarkable in its flesh-forming properties. It contains Cod-Liver Oil emulsified or partially digested, combined with the well-known and highly prized Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, so that their potency is materially increased.

What Will It Do?

It will arrest loss of flesh and restore to a normal condition the infant, the child and the adult. It will enrich the blood of the anemic; will stop the cough, heal the irritation of the throat and lungs, and cure incipient consumption. We make this statement because the experience of twenty-five years has proven it in tens of thousands of cases. *Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion.*

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Buckien's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C

NATURE'S REMEDY

For the cure of all chronic and acute diseases—a life giving principle, free from all drugs—Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Consumption, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Nervous Prostration and General Debility cured by inhaling

Compound Oxygen,

Our home treatment, which contains two months supply of Compound Oxygen, inhaling apparatus; full directions sent to any part of the country. This includes medical advice during treatment. Pamphlet with advice to the sick, home treatment and testimonials free.

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1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., San Francisco, Cal., Toronto Can.

The North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced Specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering Expenses very moderate. For catalogue address PRES. A. Q. HOLLADAY, Raleigh, N. C.

Admistration Notice.

HAVING qualified as Executors of the late Charlotte A. Whitcomb I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

T. T. WHITCOMB.
Executor of Charlotte A. Whitcomb.
July 12, 1898.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Is on every wrapper

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

To-morrow is public examination day for school teachers.

Rev. J. Edney, of Berkley, was in the city on Monday.

Mrs Nancy Johnson left on Thursday for New York City.

Hon. G. A. Mebane left last week upon a trip to the North.

Revival services near Preyortown continue with manifest interest.

Mr. M. D. Spelman leaves on Friday to take charge of a school at Pow-

Mrs Nancy Spencer, of Currituck, is visiting her sister and also her brother J. F. Midgett.

Misses Clara Butler and Lulu Shaw returned on Monday from a visit to friends in Virginia.

Prof. P. W. Moore returned on Saturday from Warrenton where he assisted in conducting a Teachers' Institute.

Prof. R. H. Riddick, of the Edenton High School, who has been spending the summer North, was in our city last week.

Mrs Clarissa Small, the aged mother of Alex. Small, died on the 3rd inst. The fueral took place at her son's residence on Pearl street, Rev. Anderson conducting it.

The Sunday School of Antioch Presbyterian Church held its pic nic on Thursday. There was a large attendance and plenty of good things to eat.

Mr. George A. Mebane jr., his sister Addie and Miss L. V. Payte returned on Saturday from a trip to Newberne and Fort Macon.

The local Base Ball team crossed bats with the Hertford Nine last Thursday. A close and enteresting game was played throughout, but the home team won by a score of 8 to 5.

The seventh annual session of the Elizabeth City State Normal School begins next Monday. Both the Normal and Training School Departments will open. Entrance for examination for new students and all Training School students will be held at the School Building Friday morning, beginning at 10 o'clock. The students who have attended are also requested to be present. The prospects for a good beginning are highly encouraging.

Diseases of the Blood and Nerves.

No one need suffer with neuralgia. This disease is quickly and permanently cured by Browns' Iron Bitters. Every disease of the blood, nerves and stomach, chronic or otherwise, succumbs to Browns' Iron Bitters. Known and used for nearly a quarter of a century, it stands to-day foremost among our most valued remedies. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

The king of Greece, when conversing with the members of his family, never employs any but the English language. He seldom speaks French and only uses Greek when compelled to do so

In Peking, China, so runneth the tale, a mandarin of wealth and taste presented a Huntinty of the singe with a pack of cards made of human skin. 400 years old, and originally captured from a pirate of the most blood curdling sort.

"Madam," said the smooth spoken tramp, "I am not an ordinary hobo!" "Oh, I don't know," said the lynx eyed housekeeper, as she leisurely took down her husband's gun from the wall, "you're about the same as the rest of 'em. You can work, but you won't. Git." And he got.—Yiu.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Located in a beautiful and healthful part of the town. The town is one of the most progressive in the State. The purpose of the School is the educating and training of teachers for the Colored Race. Special attention is given to MORAL CHARACTER, VIRTUE, HONESTY and GOOD MANNERS. We endeavor to give students a thorough knowledge of the Common School branches of learning. Besides the regular four-year course, offers a special Professional course of one year. Excellent Model and Training Schools for OBSERVATION and PRACTICE. Students required to do certain amount of teaching in the Model School, under efficient supervision, before graduation. Limited number of children from six to fourteen years of age will be admitted to Model School. Application to Model School should be made by September, 1, 1898. Tuition is Free. Expenses of living moderate. Teachers efficient and kind. Seventh Annual Session opens Monday, September 12, 1898. For catalogue and information address.

P. W. MOORE, A. M., Principal

2 LARGE STORES

CONNECTED

and UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by this doing we are sure to secure trade

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & o's.

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. re offering some Special Bargains in alothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don t Spend a Dollar

for

Medicine

until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

TRADE RIPANS TABULES MARK

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

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Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

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MONEY can be earned at home (Wherever you live), by ladies and gentlemen, boys and girls, right in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new kind, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you Free. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Ripans Tabules.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.
Ripans Tabules: at druggists.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. 🕮 Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

In Scotland the last day of the year or New Year's eve is called Hogmanay.

Feed Your Nerves

Upon rich, pure, nourishing blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and you will be free from those spells of despair, those sleepless nights and anxious days, those gloomy, deathlike feelings, those sudden starts at mere nothings, those dyspeptic symptoms and blinding headaches. Hood's Sarsaparilla has done this for many others—it will cure you.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure sick headache. 25c.

An Incident at Santiago.

An incident of the trenches before Santiago is told by a member of the Ninth Massachusetts. He says: "We arrived at the battlefield about noon, and were lined up in position behind a hill to act as reserves and to protect the food and ammunition. Bullets were whistling over our heads in a perfect storm; but we were becoming quite used to that sort of thing, and, being tired out, we lay down on the ground and tried to keep cool. While we were lying there a shell dropped at the feet of Sergeant Walker, not three feet from him. Fortunately it did not explode; if it had, the whole company would have been wiped out.

"It gave some of the boys such a fright that they started to run, but Sergeant Walker called them back, assuring them that the danger was past, and that he was going to use it for a seat. He walked over to it and plunked himself down; but he had no more than touched it when he jumped about five feet in the air, and grabbing himself by the seat of the trousers, yelled: 'It's hot!'"—New York Sun.

The Original Tommy Atkins.

The question as to the origin of Tommy Atkins as the godfather-in-chief of the British army has been recently discussed in the columns of the Western Morning News. The received version is that the name originally appeared in a model account-form issued by the War Office. But it is asserted that a real Thomas Atkins was, in the beginning of the century, a gunner in the Royal Artillery, and kept a pay-book in such a neat and orderly manner that it became a model for soldiers' account-books in general, which took the name of their originator. Then by a process of substitution known to students of mythology, the individual soldier took the place of the book, and the mythopoeic Tommy came into being.—Household Words.

A New French Submarine Boat.

A new submarine boat has just been begun at the French Government dockyards at Cherbourg. The vessel, which will be christened the Narval, will measure over 100 feet from stem to stern, and twelve feet across her bows. The Narval is to be built to sail under water at will, and will be armed with four torpedo tubes placed astern. The craft, which will measure 106 tons displacement, is expected to sail from eight to twelve knots. She will not, however, exceed eight knots under water. She will be manned by a crew of eleven officers and men, and will be propelled by electricity as well as by steam.

A Case of Identity.

A Russian peasant having gone to the town to buy himself a pair of new boots, fell asleep by the roadside on his way home and was stripped of his cherished boots by a light-fingered tramp; but his sleep remained unbroken until a passing wagoner, seeing him lying half across the track, shouted to him to "take his legs out of the way."

"My legs?" echoed the half-aroused sleeper, rubbing his eyes, "those legs ain't mine—mine had boots on!"—Modern Society.

CONSULTING A WOMAN.

Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Inspires Confidence and Hope.

Examination by a male physician is a hard trial to a delicately organized woman.

She puts it off as long as she dare, and is only driven to it by fear of cancer, polypus, or some dreadful ill.

Most frequently such a woman leaves a physician's office where she has undergone a critical examination with an impression more or less, of discouragement.

This condition of the mind destroys the effect of advice; and she grows worse rather than better. In consulting Mrs. Pinkham no hesitation need be felt, the story is told to a woman and is wholly confidential. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass., she offers sick women her advice without charge.

Her intimate knowledge of women's troubles makes her letter of advice a wellspring of hope, and her wide experience and skill point the way to health.

"I suffered with ovarian trouble for seven years, and no doctor knew what was the matter with me. I had spells which would last for two days or more. I thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I have taken seven bottles of it, and am entirely cured."—Mrs. John Foreman, 26 N. Woodberry Ave., Baltimore, Md.

The above letter from Mrs. Foreman is only one of thousands.

Go to your grocer to-day and get a 15c. package of

Grain-O

It takes the place of coffee at ¼ the cost.

Made from pure grains it is nourishing and healthful.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

DREYFUS IS VINDICATED.

Colonel Henry Confesses to a Forged Document and Commits Suicide.

NOW PARIS CALLS FOR JUSTICE.

General Boisdeffre Resigns—Esterhazy Cashiered—Colonel Henry Confronted With a Forged Document and Placed Upon a Soldier's Honor Breaks Down and Confesses—Paris in an Uproar.

PARIS, France (By Cable).—France's faith in the honor and integrity of the commanders of that army for which she has made so many sacrifices since 1870 has just received a terrible shock through the startling confession of Colonel Henry, Chief of the Intelligence Bureau at the War Department, that he had forged the note alleged to have been sent from the Italian Embassy to the German Embassy, in which the name of Captain Dreyfus was mentioned, and on the strength of which Dreyfus was convicted of treason, subjected to military degradation and sentenced to lifelong imprisonment on the Devil's Island.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry, who was arrested on Tuesday, after he had confessed that he forged a letter which was largely instrumental in preventing a revision of the Dreyfus case, committed suicide Wednesday by cutting his throat with a razor he had concealed in his valise.

When Lieutenant Colonel Henry was summoned to the residence of the Minister for War on Tuesday he found assembled there Colonel du Paty de Clam, Count Esterhazy, General de Boisdeffre, General Roget and M. Cavaignac. The Minister for War had suspected the letter on his desk. He took it up and said to Henry: "You did not mention the name of the agent who furnished this letter. My attention has been called to the fact that on the docket there is no name."

Colonel Henry beat his forehead and then said he had no memory for names, and had forgotten the name in this case, but he would know the man if he saw him.

"It is a pity you have forgotten," said M. Cavaignac, dryly; "we think the letter a forgery and that you have been duped by a clever forger."

Henry declared his belief in its authenticity, but in a very faint voice.

"Come," said the Minister; "no agent ever gave it to you. You wrote it in pencil to disguise your handwriting the better. You are the forger."

The Colonel's speech grew thick, but he denied the charge. Then it was repeated and he gave fresh explanations. But his tongue began to cleave to the roof of his mouth, and it was feared that he would have an apoplectic fit or stroke.

"On your honor as a soldier," said M. Cavaignac, more gently, "did you, or did you not, write that letter?"

"Since you appeal to my soldierly honor, it was I who wrote it," he replied.

After his arrest he was permitted to visit his wife while on the way to the fortress at Mont Valerien. She thought he really had a fit. He addressed her as "My poor wife," adding "I am under arrest." The officer accompanying him was under orders not to lose sight of him for a moment, and, therefore, he could not see his wife alone. All three proceeded to his bedroom to get the necessary clothing. Henry then clasped his wife in his arms and exclaimed: "My conscience is pure and free from everything."

This exclamation is much commented upon, as going to show that he may possibly have forged the letter under orders from his superiors.

The fact of the suicide became known at Mont Valerien about 9 o'clock Wednesday evening. It is supposed that it was committed about 5 in the afternoon.

When the officials entered his cell, Henry was found lying in a pool of blood, dead, with a terrible gash in his throat.

Shortly before midnight Mme. Henry, who had been informed, went to the fortress and was admitted, the officials granting her permission to pass the night beside the body.

General Le Mouten de Boisdeffre, Chief of the General Staff of the French Army, has tendered his resignation to the Government.

General de Boisdeffre, in his letter of resignation, explains that he resigns owing to his misplaced confidence in Lieutenant-Colonel Henry, which led him to present as genuine what was forged evidence.

M. Cavaignac, the Minister of War, in reply asked General de Boisdeffre to remain to "see justice rendered in the matter."

General de Boisdeffre thanked M. Cavaignac for proofs of his esteem, but persisted in his resignation. He will be replaced therefore by General Renouard.

When Count Esterhazy was informed of the arrest of Colonel Henry and of his admission, he exclaimed:

"This is too terrifying!"

The Cabinet held two stormy sittings under the Presidency of M. Faure, having apparently failed to arrive at a decision on the question of revising the Dreyfus sentence, for the customary official note was not issued.

It is alleged that several Ministers, including M. Brisson, the Premier, M. Marnejouls, Minister of Commerce, and M. Trouillot, Minister of the Colonies, demanded a revision and the immediate supercession of several staff officers. M. Cavaignac, however, remained firm, opposing this course on the ground that Lieutenant-Colonel Henry's forgery had not altered the case as affecting Dreyfus's guilt.

The only result thus far, therefore, is that Esterhazy is cashiered, and will retire on a small pension. Even after leaving the council Ministers continued to argue heatedly.

It would be impossible to describe the sensation that has thrilled Paris.

WILHELMINA IS QUEEN.

On Reaching Her Majority Issues a Proclamation and Assumes Power.

THE HAGUE, Holland (By Cable).—Upon the attainment of her majority Wednesday Queen Wilhelmina Helena Pauline Maria, who was born August 31, 1880, issued a proclamation to the people of the Netherlands, accepting the responsibility of the Netherlands Government and expressing gratitude for proofs of attachment shown to her by the people, and asking for their loyal support.

Queen Wilhelmina, accompanied by her mother, attended divine service in the great church here Wednesday morning. The Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar, the Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg, the Prince and Princess of Weld, the Diplomatic Corps, the civil and military authorities and four thousand others were present.

Delaware Republicans Unite.

The Union Republican Convention met at Dover, Del., and indorsed the ticket nominated by the regular Republican Party. The candidates are: For Congressman, John H. Hoffecker; for State Treasurer, Dr. L. H. Barr; for State Auditor, John A. Longo.

Weyler Would Be a Dictator.

General Weyler, in a statement to the Weyler Club, Madrid, Spain, outlining his future policy, expresses the intention of advocating a military dictatorship in Spain and the reorganization of the army and navy.

Schley Leaves For Porto Rico.

Rear Admiral Schley and General W. W. Gordon, of the Porto Rican Commission, sailed for San Juan on the transport Seneca, from the foot of Pacific street, Brooklyn. The Seneca also carries forty-two women and twenty men nurses, more than $50,000 for the troops, a host of clerks, interpreters and stenographers, and a postal detachment of ten men, under Major Stuart and Superintendent of Mails J. M. Masten of Brooklyn. The latter will establish a postal station in Porto Rico.

A Government in Trouble.

The Congress of Ecuador has suspended its sessions until it can obtain Government protection; the Cabinet has resigned.

Returned From Greenland.

The steam whaler Fridtjof, having on board Walter Wellman and the members of his expedition to Greenland, has returned to Tromsoe, Norway, after landing an expedition at Cape Tezethoff, on the southern point of Hall's Island. While the Wellman party were returning they met the expedition to Franz Josef Land under Dr. A. G. Northorst, at Koenigskar Island, and were informed that all search for Professor Andree, the missing balloonist, had proved futile.

GENERAL SHAFTER AT MONTAUK.

Arrives From Cuba With His Staff and Some Troops.

MONTAUK POINT, L. I. (Special).—The elaborate preparations for the reception of General Shafter had been made by General Wheeler. A salute of fifteen guns, a cavalry escort and a band to play "The Star-Spangled Banner" were to be among the features of the reception, but somehow General Shafter's landing was attended with far less ceremony than usually accompanies the landing of troops from a transport.

General Shafter arrived from Santiago, Cuba, on the Transport Mexico, Thursday morning. He had to conform to the quarantine laws and go into the detention camp, which every one must do who comes from Cuba. With General Shafter came his staff, and one hundred men of the First Regiment, which was the General's old command.

Dressed in his rusty uniform, with a large gold Fifth Corps badge on his breast, General Shafter looked hearty and well. His coat sat a trifle loosely. He explained this by saying that he had lost forty pounds in the last three months. He rode up to camp in General Wheeler's carriage with his young cousin, Shafter Howard, of Stamford, Conn., who was at Montauk to meet him. The Quartermaster's employes on the wharf stopped hustling boxes long enough to cheer the new commander of Camp Wikoff.

At the top of the hill, just before reaching General Wheeler's headquarters, General Shafter jumped from his carriage to greet Mrs. John A. Logan, who was driving in the opposite direction. Mrs. Logan told the General that she was very glad to see him back again, and after a few moments' conversation she drove on again. Shafter then proceeded to the detention camp, where he was visited by General Wheeler.

While at Camp Wikoff, as the senior General now here, General Shafter will have command of the camp.

SPANISH SOLDIERS ON NATIVE SOIL

The First From Cuban Soil Greeted by the Queen Regent.

CORUNNA, Spain (By Cable).—The Spanish steamer Alicante, with the first of Spain's repatriated soldiers who arrived from Santiago, have reached here. Enormous crowds gathered upon the quays, but were not allowed to get near the vessel for fear of contagion. All the military and civil authorities were present.

Some of the sick were taken to the Oza Lazaretto, where they were quarantined. Others will be kept five days on hospital ships before they are dispatched to their homes. Those who were in good health were debarked promptly.

The Queen Regent sent a message to the troops on board the Alicante congratulating them upon their conduct in the field and saying that she proposed to be the first to welcome them home. The reading of the dispatch was received with great enthusiasm.

There was no yellow fever on board, though sixty died of other diseases on the voyage.

SOLDIERS DROWNED IN GEORGIA.

Trying to Rescue Crew of an Italian Bark, off Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga. (Special).—It is just reported that Lieutenant Morgan, United States Engineer Corps, was drowned off Tybee in the storm Wednesday with six regular soldiers. He went out in a yawl to rescue the sailors of an Italian bark. The yawl capsized, and Morgan, with his men, was drowned. Lieutenant Morgan was a Georgian.

Second Mate Garibaldi, of the Italian bark Noe, was drowned here in the storm. He was trying to reach shore from his boat, but was blown from the lifeline.

Nearly all the tents and clothing of the garrison at Tybee were blown into the ocean. All records were lost, and considerable confusion will result when pay day comes or a muster-out is ordered. The men stationed at Tybee are two companies of the Second North Carolina Volunteers, under Major W. T. Wilder, and a part of the First United States Artillery.

SEWALL IN COMMAND.

Ex-President of Hawaii Formally Relinquishes His Control.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The following document, unique in American history for its brevity, has been received at the State Department:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
HONOLULU, H. I., August 12.

The Hon. Harold M. Sewell, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America:

Mr. Minister—A treaty of political union having been made, and the cession formally consented to by the Republic of Hawaii having been accepted by the United States of America, I now, in the interests of the Hawaiian body politic, and with full confidence in the honor, justice and friendship of the American people, yield up to you, representing the Government of the United States, the sovereignty and public property of the Hawaiian Islands.

(Signed) SANFORD B. DOLE.

Tramps Wreck Passenger Train.

Tramps are responsible for the wrecking of the Chicago express on the New York, Ontario and Western Railroad at Ingalls Crossing, N. Y., Thursday morning. The wreck resulted in three men being killed and eleven injured. The killed are: Benjamin C. Dowd, of Oswego, the engine driver, who leaves a wife and two children; William Hall, fireman, of Norwich; A. L. Osborne, brakeman, of Walton, who leaves a wife and three children. It is believed that after turning the switch the tramps set the switch light in the proper position, for there was a straight stretch of track of half a mile before the fatal spot was reached, the switch light being discernible the entire distance.

Poles Demolish a Church.

A quarrel among the members of a Polish Independent Church in Buffalo, N. Y., led to a unique petit larceny. A church erected by seceders of Father Kammiski's Independent Church, a wooden building, was attacked by a crowd of Poles, mostly women, and completely demolished. Twenty-one of the Poles were afterward arrested on the charge of petit larceny.

Husband and Wife Burned to Death.

George W. Dimick, of Windham, Vt., and his wife lost their lives Thursday morning in a fire, which destroyed Mr. Dimick's farm buildings. Dimick and his wife attempted to release the cattle, but the flames spread so rapidly that escape was shut off, and both perished.

Bids For Battleships Accepted.

Three firms submitted bids for eighteen-knot warships, which were accepted by the Navy Department at Washington, and the keels will be laid this fall.

Rough Riders Mustered Out.

Orders were issued by the Secretary of War, Washington, for the mustering out of Roosevelt's rough riders.

Ex-Mayor an Embezzler.

Fritz H. Twitchell, ex-Mayor of Bath, Me., was discovered to have embezzled $60,000.

The National Game.

Collins, of Boston, leads the League in home runs.

Boston won the series with Cincinnati easily—nine to three.

The Washingtons won ten of the fourteen games played against the St. Louis team and scored 102 runs. Hurst's players made sixty-three runs.

Fast company improves a player wonderfully. Stafford, who was not good enough for New York and Louisville, is filling a big gap in Boston's outfield.

No club in the National League leads the Bostons in its series with them. The champions have split even thus far with Baltimore and Pittsburg, and they lead all other teams.

Carsey has not won a game in the box for St. Louis this season.

Buffalo was the first Eastern League team to play 100 games.

Western clubs have won but ten games out of forty-four from Cincinnati.

The race for the League penant is very close, and people who think it lies between Boston and Cincinnati may have to change their opinions before long.

Samuel Wise, Captain of the Buffalo Baseball Club, charged with violating the law by playing ball on Sunday, was acquitted by a jury at Buffalo, August 23.

While it would not be fair to refer to Boston as a one-man team Nichols is the biggest gun in the Bean Eaters' Armory. Without Nichols Boston would cut only an ordinary figure in the race.

The Samoan Question Reopened.

King Malietoa's death will reopen the Samoan question, and may bring about the division of the islands.

CAUSED BY CIGARETTES.

One Boy Killed By Them, Another Driven to Theft.

NEW HAVEN, Conn. (Special).—Thomas Malone, nineteen years old, who died in the poor-house a few days ago, and Edward Oleson, sixteen years old, arrested as a thief, is New Haven's record for one day of victims of cigarettes. Malone had been under treatment since last April for heart disease, brought on by smoking from three to four packages of cigarettes a day. His parents, who live at No. 998 Grand avenue, had feared his mind was being affected by cigarettes. The medical authorities found his heart in such condition they could do nothing for him.

Oleson was arrested on the charge of stealing a watch from Mary Smith, who lives near the home of the Olesons, at No. 371 Washington street. It was found that Oleson wanted money to buy cigarettes, and therefore stole the watch from his friend. His parents testified in the police court that his mind had become affected by cigarettes. They had tried to stop him from using them, but he had taken to stealing to get money to buy them. The Judge decided to have the boy examined by physicians.

The Maddening Cigarette.

JERSEY CITY, N. J. (Special).—Charles Fowler, twenty-six years old, of 56 Coles street, was arraigned before Police Justice Potts, Thursday, supposedly insane. He was extremely weak, though he had been violent when arrested. His father said he had been acting strangely for three months. A physician who was called to attend him said Fowler was suffering from nicotine poisoning, the effect of excessive cigarette smoking. He did not become violent until Wednesday night, when he threatened to kill his parents.

Young Fowler admitted that he had smoked a great many cigarettes, but he could not tell how many he used a day. He was sent to the County Jail to await examination as to his sanity by County Physician Converse.

Delusional Insanity From Cigarettes.

Mrs. "Jack" Wilmerding, a granddaughter of "Old Commodore" Vanderbilt, was examined at White Plains, N. Y., as to her insanity. She has been confined in Bloomingdale Asylum and efforts are being made to take her out of that institution. One expert upon insanity, declared that she suffered from delusional insanity. She thought her bicycle was hypnotized because she rode so well, and that she had an abnormal desire for cigarettes, which had greatly weakened her physically and undermined her mentally.

GOVERNOR OTERO AT CAMP WIKOFF

He Reviews the Rough Riders Who Are From New Mexico.

CAMP WIKOFF, Montauk Point, L. I. (Special).—Governor Miguel Otero, of New Mexico, reviewed Troop F, of the rough riders, encamped here. He also made an

GOVERNOR MIGUEL OTERO, OF NEW MEXICO.

inspection of the camp and was much pleased with what he saw. Troop F is made up entirely of men from New Mexico. The incident was a trifle odd, inasmuch as Governor Otero is of Spanish descent, and he came all the way from his native State to see the soldiers who defeated the descendants of his ancestors.

THE PRESIDENT'S VACATION.

He Goes For a Rest to the Home of His Brother.

SOMERSET, Penn. (Special).—The special train carrying the Presidential party arrived here at 8.30 o'clock Saturday evening. The party was composed of the President and Mrs. McKinley, Mr. and Mrs. Wilber Endsley, of Johnstown, Penn.; Major Webb Hayes and Assistant Secretary George B. Cortelyou. Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley met the special train at Johnstown, where it was transferred from the Pennsylvania to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad tracks, and accompanied their guests to Somerset.

Several thousand people were at the station when the train arrived, and as soon as it came to a standstill Mayor J. H. Pisel and the members of the City Council entered the President's car and formally welcomed him to this mountain town.

As soon as the police had cleared a passageway, the President and his wife were placed in a carriage and hurriedly driven to the McKinley residence by their niece, Miss Mabel McKinley, who is a skillful driver. After the other members of the party were placed in carriages a procession, headed by a band of music, paraded through the principal streets, winding up at the home of Abner McKinley.

SIXTY-NINTH IN A WRECK.

Three Men Killed and Five Injured by the Train Jumping the Track.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. (Special).—The first section of a train on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, bearing the First Battalion and the regimental staff of the Sixty-ninth New York Regiment, on its way from Fernandina, Fla., to Huntsville, Ala., jumped the track at New Castle, twelve miles south of Birmingham, about 6 o'clock Sunday evening, and the following fatalities resulted:

Peter Farley, private, Company——, killed outright; Frank Glennon, Quartermaster-Sergeant, Company G, fatally injured and died an hour after the wreck; John Manning, Sergeant, Company E.

The injured are: George Browner, colored, fireman, contusions; Harry G. Donahoo, Company E, fractured rib; James Meade, Company E, fracture of ribs and hurt internally; George Noon, Company E, internally injured; Thomas J. Skelley, fractured arm.

Flood in Porto Rico.

A deluge from the mountains near Ponce, Porto Rico, flooded the rivers, and the bridge between the town and port was destroyed. This prevented General Miles attending a reception given in his honor by Porto Ricans at the leading club in Ponce, and caused much inconvenience in the transportation of troops who were returning home. Several camps were washed out

Admiral Schley Visits Washington.

Admiral Schley visited the President and discussed the duties of the Porto Rican Commission. He was enthusiastically cheered on his arrival at Washington.

Terrible Grade Crossing Accident.

A pleasure party of eleven met a terrible fate at a railway grade crossing collision at Whiting's Crossing, near Ware, Mass. Five of the party were killed outright, the crossing boy was killed, and all the others on the barge injured. The names of the dead are: Albert Rich, aged sixteen; John Scott, aged six; George Whiting, aged five; Jesse Whiting, aged eight; Sadie Whiting, aged twenty; George Whiting, Jr., aged thirteen. The pleasure party were going from their home in Bondville to Forest Lake, a picnic grove about one mile away, in a covered barge drawn by four horses. The engine struck the barge about in the middle, killing five instantly, also the four horses.

Mines Removed at Havana.

General Correa, Minister of War of Spain, at Madrid, has replied to the inquiries of M. Cambon, the French Ambassador at Washington, concerning the condition of Havana harbor, saying that the mines have been removed from the harbor and merchant vessels are entering and leaving daily. Therefore the harbor is perfectly safe for ships of all draughts.

Japan Wants Ladrone Islands.

Japanese papers which have arrived at San Francisco, Cal., say that Japan wants to buy the Ladrone Islands, which were recently taken from Spain by the United States.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

Ernest L. Tosca, who has been connected with the Havana Consulate for six years and who was General Lee's Secretary for three years, has been designted to go to Havana with the Cuban Military Commission as one of its secretaries.

Minister Angell, at Constantinople, Turkey, informs the State Department that a note from the Porte announces that on account of the local needs, the exportation of wheat from the province of Scutari, in Albania, European Turkey, is forbidden until further notice.

President McKinley ordered the promotion of forty-one army officers who took part in the capture of Manila.

Commodore John W. Philip has been assigned to command the North Atlantic squadron.

Senor Vicuna, the new Minister from Chile, presented his credentials to President McKinley.

General Boynton has been ordered by the War Department to report on the condition of the hospitals at Chickamauga, Ga.

Domestic.

Charles C. Herrick and Miss Fannie Beck of Rochester, N. Y., were drowned in Lake Ontario.

Conrad Singerly committed suicide in Greenfield, Mass., after firing at Mrs. Joseph Hibbard, who was wounded slightly.

H. T. Higgins, of Chicago, was killed by the explosion of a vapor bathing apparatus, in which he was trying to cure hay fever.

M. R. Todd, cashier of the Fillmore County Bank, Minnesota, confessed the theft of the bank's deposits.

Major J. M. Walsh, ex-Commissioner of the Yukon District, estimated this season's gold output from the Klondike at $11,000,000.

The wife and child of the Rev. George Jefferes, of Philadelphia, died in Shippensburg, Penn., from the effects of eating toadstools. While taking a walk they found what they thought were mushrooms. They gathered a number and ate them. They were toadstools. Mr. Jefferes was very sick but will recover.

Several revolver shots were fired on Sunday morning into John McDermott's saloon. A few moments later the building was ablaze and soon burned to the ground. The charred remains of John Gorman, with two bullet holes in the skull, were found in the ruins. It is believed that he was murdered in the saloon by persons who fired the building to conceal the crime.

George Griffith, of Reading, Penn., killed Harman Trunk, who was a boarder in his house, by striking him on the head with a rifle. Griffith had accused Trunk with being too friendly with his wife. They quarreled with the above result.

Two highwaymen have created a reign of terror in Omaha, Neb. They stop pedestrians, waylay street cars, and do other desperate acts.

The burial of Lieutenant William Tiffany, of the "rough riders," took place in Newport, R. I. An imposing escort rendered military honors.

Ernest Colson, twenty-eight years old, was killed while hunting near Tupper Lake, N. Y., in the Adirondacks. Two men who approached and fired the fatal shot probably did it accidentally.

Deputy Sheriff Nathaniel Cloud and John Cadle were shot and killed at Tazewell, Tenn., where Cloud was trying to make an arrest.

The Atlanta (Ga.) Exposition buildings and grounds have been offered to the Government as quarters for troops. Fifteen thousand men could be accommodated there.

Over a thousand persons gathered at Rokeby, Captain William Astor Chandler's country seat, near Barrytown, N. Y., and welcomed him home from the war. He delivered an address.

President McKinley and his party left Somerset, Penn., for Cleveland at 11 o'clock Monday. He reached Pittsburg at 2.30 p. m. and stopped to inspect a hospital train and shake hands with sick soldiers. He arrived in Cleveland at 5.40 o'clock.

The Government has acquired the Broadwater Hotel and Natatorium at Helena, Mont., for use as a permanent sanitarium. It is an ideal spot for sick soldiers and sailors.

John Carrigan, sixty years old, a cartman, Buffalo, N. Y., was murdered by his son Frank, thirty-three years old, while he slept. The old man's head was nearly severed from the body by an axe. Carrigan was arrested, after making a desperate resistance, during which he was severely clubbed.

In a quarrel between John Smart and Paul Peters, two well-known guides at Kinso, Maine, Peters shot Smart through the left lung. Smart died from the effects of the wound. Peters gave himself up to Sheriff Gallagan and was locked up.

The blowing out of a valve in the digester at No. 6 mill of the International Paper Company at Berlin, N. H., scalded to death Martin Lydeon and severely injured Peter Haterson.

President Wattles, of the Trans-Mississippi Exposition at Omaha, Neb., has appointed a special committee to wait upon President McKinley, members of the Cabinet, Supreme Court Justices and other dignitaries and invite them to attend the peace jubilee on October 10.

Ralph W. Wirebaek was convicted at Lancaster, Penn., of murder in the first degree for the murder of David B. Landis, a millionaire, in April last.

Governor Scofield, of Wisconsin, pardoned Patrick McDonald, an inmate of the state prison. McDonald is over eighty years old, and has been for thirty years a "trusty." McDonald pleaded guilty and was given a life sentence for murder.

George Erwin, a prize fighter, was shot and killed at Macon, Mo., by Ellis Houston. The killing followed a quarrel over a debt of $1.75.

Foreign.

Japan, to increase foreign trade, has decided to abolish gradually all export duties.

Advices at Kingston, Jamaica, from the island of Barbados, belonging to Great Britain, report widespread potato riots. Gangs of men have been looting the produce of the plantations. These demonstrations are considered serious.

It is officially announced that there were 2300 deaths from the plague the week ending August 27 in the Bombay (India) Presidency. The epidemic is spreading, and there has been a fresh outbreak in the State of Hyderabad.

Famine threatens Kazan, Samara, Saratof, Simbirik, Viatka and Perm, in Russia. The St. Petersburg Government has taken steps to afford relief.

The Carlist and Republican members of the Cortes of Spain have decided not to attend the forthcoming session, and they will issue a manifesto to the country explaining their reasons for abstention.

Dr. John Hopkinson, an English electrical engineer, and his son and two daughters were killed while ascending without guides the Dents de Veisivi, in the Canton of Valais, Switzerland, the mountains of which are among the highest in Europe, and are exposed to furious torrents and destructive avalanches.

The planters of Santiago Province, Cuba, met and sent an embassary to General Garcia and General Castillo to induce them to disband their forces so as to give a supply of workmen to assist in gathering the crops.

United States Ambassador Hay went to Osborne to dine and bid farewell to Queen Victoria before returning to the United States to become Secretary of State.

Leading merchants of Manila have signed a memorial to Lord Salisbury asking that he use his influence to prevent Spain from regaining control of the Philippines.

The important financial weekly paper of Spain, the Estafeta, supports the party which favors the abandonment of the Philippines.

Sir Thomas Lipton, of London, contributed $10,000 to relieve sick and wounded American soldiers.

Freda Maloff, of Chicago, who introduced the whirl dance at the World's Fair, arrived at Victoria, B. C., on the Topeka. She brought $62,000 from the Klondike.

A monument to the "Czar Deliverer," Alexander II, was unveiled at St. Petersburg, Russia.

Frau Danneberg, a talented portrait painter of Berlin, Germany, committed suicide because, it is alleged, she could get no news of her son, who fought with the American army in Cuba.

The gunboats, with the Anglo-Egyptian expedition in the Sudan, seized the Island of Gib-El-Royan, opposite El Hajir, about forty miles north of Omdurman, the capital of the Khalifa. The island will be used as an advance depot for stores.

Eighteen persons were killed and a number of others seriously injured at Foggia, eighty miles east-northeast of Naples, Italy, by the collapse of a building in which a crowd of peasants had taken refuge during a thunderstorm.

William H. P. Hains, Fleet Captain of the Cunard Line, died at Liverpool, England.

NEW YORK'S HEROES HOME

Wild Welcome of the Seventy-first on Its Return From Cuba.

SYMPATHETIC THRONGS CHEER.

Awful Consequences of the War Vividly Pictured to the Public—Pity Excited by the Sight of the Sick and Wounded—Enthusiasm Let Loose Along the Line of March to Their Armory.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The boys of the Seventy-first Regiment are home again. New York welcomed its heroes, bronzed by the tropical sun and trembling with the fevers that poisoned their blood in the trenches of El Caney, with a tumult of hurrahs and cheers.

Countless thousands of fellow-townsmen lined the main thoroughfare of this metropolis only a few months ago to cheer the Seventy-first on its way, as, flushed with eager patriotism and imposing in numerical strength, it departed for camp in preparation for taking part in the war. Countless thousands of those same fellow-townsmen Monday formed two solid walls of sympathetic and vociferous humanity between which only 400 emaciated, hollow-eyed, and enfeebled survivors of the Santiago campaign were escorted from the Battery to the regimental armory, at Thirty-fourth street and Park avenue. With these heroes who survived the terrors of battle and disease in Cuba there were about 200 recruits who had not seen service, but who marched in the regimental uniform.

A million people lined the way as the regiment—a mere remnant of its former self—moved up through Broadway, Fifth avenue and Thirty-fourth street to its armory. To say that the great multitude was enthusiastic conveys no idea of the ovation they gave to the soldiers. It was an hysterical crowd—a crowd that cheered, that laughed, that cried and that jumped up and down with nervous excitement.

There was no ceremony, no civic pomp in the greeting which the city gave the Seventy-first. It was too big an affair to be confined within the limits of a programme of arrangements. The people simply took it into their own hands, and consequently it was spontaneous, a natural outpouring of popular gratitude to a body of men who had staked everything for their country's honor.

The men to whom the people were paying this overwhelming tribute feebly smiled as they passed along. They seemed to be too weak, too much dazed, to do more. With their nerves strung to the highest pitch, they cried like babies when they heard old Trinity's chimes ringing out "Home, Sweet Home." When finally they reached their armory and were dismissed, free once more to do as they pleased, they turned to the loved ones waiting for them and asked to be taken away where they could find quiet and rest.

It was great, it was grand, it was an inspiration to patriotism, this return of the Seventy-first Regiment, but at the same time it was inexpressibly pathetic, a sight calculated to make men stop and realize that the victories of war are dearly purchased.

The "war statistics" of the Seventy-first Regiment are as follows: Left New York for Cuba, 1026; welcomed in New York, 400, came home from Cuba, 800; killed in battle, 14; died of wounds in Cuba, 2; wounded, 64; sent home from Cuba sick, 50; now in Cuban hospitals, 100; already home sick on furlough, 400; in hospital at Camp Wikoff, 49

GENERAL LINARES STARTS HOME.

He Makes a Speech and Bids General Toral an Affecting Adieu.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA (By Cable).—General Linares, who was in command of the Spanish troops here prior to his being wounded in the fighting at San Juan, sailed for Spain on the transport Pedro Satrustegui, with 1200 men.

GENERAL LINARES.

General Toral, who succeeded General Linares in the command, accompanied the latter to the steamer. He made a speech to the soldiers, some of whom fought at El Caney and San Juan. He told them to tell the truth when they reached Spain. They had done their duty and had nothing to fear. He thanked them for their gallant conduct. General Toral shed tears when he bade General Linares adieu.

The Czar Stirs All Europe.

All Europe is aroused by the Russian Czar's universal peace proposal.

Russia Weakens in China.

M. Pavloff, the Russian Charge d' Affaires in China, who has been appointed Russian Minister to Corea, will be succeeded at Pekin, China, by M. De Giers, who is at present accredited to Brazil. M. Pavloff's removal is general attributed to Great Britain's sudden change of policy, the object of which was to impress Russia with the advisability of recognizing British paramountcy in the Yang-tse Valley.

Germany Changes Naval Guns.

As a result of experiences in the Hispano-American war, the new German battleships, now in course of construction will be armed with twenty-four-centimeter instead of twenty-eight-centimeter guns.

Told by the Sergeant.

From The Democrat, Grand Rapids, Mich.

At the Michigan Soldiers' Home, in Grand Rapids, lives Sergeant Richard Dunn, hale and hearty, although he carries the scars of several wounds sustained in some of the battles of the Civil War. In recounting his experience to a reporter, Mr. Dunn said:

"About a year and a half ago I began to have trouble with my stomach. My suffering was so intense that I tried different medicines and doctored with several physicians, but without permanent relief.

A Wounded Soldier.

"I read an account of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People having cured a case much like mine, and I decided to give them a trial, which I did.

"After taking five boxes I was cured. I never felt better than I do now, even in my younger days. I am naturally a robust man, but that stomach trouble, together with rheumatism, which afterward set in, were making fast inroads upon my health and I am satisfied that it would have been but a short time before my comrades would have been conducting the regulation funeral ceremonies over my remains, had I not chanced to read of and taken Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

"There are several others in the home who are taking these pills and are receiving great benefit." RICHARD DUNN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of Nov., 1897.

HENRY GIBSON, *Notary Public.*

Sergeant Dunn is perfectly willing that anyone should write him in reference to his case, provided stamp is enclosed for the reply.

All the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves are contained in a condensed form in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they cure cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature.

Known by His Walk.

A tutor of one of the Oxford colleges who limped in his walk was some years ago accosted by a well-known politician, who asked him if he was not the chaplain of the college at such a time, naming the year. The doctor said he was. The interrogator observed: "I knew you by your limp." "Well," said the doctor, "it seemed my limping made a deeper impression than my preaching." "Ah, doctor," was the reply, with ready wit, "it is the highest compliment we can pay a minister to say that he is known by his walk rather than by his conversation."—St. Louis Star.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Casc